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The Bombay Chronicle

Regd. No. B 1065

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta Editor: Syed Abdullah Brelvi

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ARRESTS AND LATHI CHARGE IN LAHORE

Terminate 'Dependency' Of India

SAPRU'S WARNING TO CHURCHILL

Appeal To Leaders To Close Ranks & Face Common Enemy

"It is stated that the August Declaration anticipated the wisdom of the Atlantic Charter. When we ask if the Charter applied to India, the reply is 'No'. Surely the English people ought to be able to say a simple thing in plain English language. I want England to make up her mind at once that India is no more to remain as a Dependency. We want to defend ourselves; hence our demand. Mr. Churchill alone can answer clearly, bravely and courageously the call of statesmanship. If Mr. Churchill should fail, then woe betide India and England".

This was the note of warning struck by Sir Tej Bahadur Sapru in his concluding speech at the Non-Party Leaders' Conference.

Non-Party Leaders Greet Generalissimo

NEW DELHI, Feb. 22.

General Chiang-Kai-Shek's fare well message formed the principal theme of vigorous and enthusiastic speeches at the second days session of the Non-Party Conference to-day, at which four resolutions were debated and passed

The speakers, particularly Mr. M. R. Jayakar, underlined the Marshal's expression of hope that the British Government would, without waiting for demands from the Indian people, grant them real power forthwith. The speakers also declared that only a National Government could effectively conduct the war, and that a National Government would have given a greater and better welcome to the Marshal and Madame.

Mr. M. R. Jayakar presided during the earlier part of the session until Sir Tej Bahadur Sapru came and took the chair.

The conference passed a resolution recording its "high appreciation of the honour done to India by the visit of Their Excellencies Generalissimo and Madame Chiang Kai-Shek and its whole-hearted admiration of the heroic struggle for national freedom carried on by the Chinese people under their gallant and inspiring leadership."

Mr. P. Sapru moving the resolution welcomed the visitors and commended the General's courage in saying, what even President Roosevelt had not shown himself equal to saying, that Britain should endow India with self-governing institutions at as early date as possible".

Sardar Kartar Singh also seconded the resolution.

Sir C. R. Reddy moved a resolution urging that the persons selected by the Government of India for representation on the War Cabinet and the Pacific War Council in London "should be non-official Indians commanding the confidence of the public."

India, said Sir C. R. Reddy, seemed in this matter to have come in as a corollary to what had been conceded to Australia and other Dominions. In future the country would not tolerate a continuance of the practice of India being represented by "dependents" of the Government of India, particularly those belonging to the I. C. S.

Sir Datar Singh seconded the resolution which was passed unanimously

POPULAR CABINETS IN PROVINCES

On Sir Maharaj Singh's motion the conference passed a resolution expressing the opinion "that in the Provinces the rule of Governors under section 93 of the Government of India Act should forthwith cease and that popular Governments enjoying public confidence should be established."

Sir Maharaj Singh after recalling amid laughter his days at school in England with both Mr. Churchill and Mr. Amery, said that Mr. Amery had not risen so far as India was concerned to the high expectations raised by his school days. Sir Maharaj Singh commented on the present condition in seven provinces, where he said they were back to the year 1860 from the constitutional point of view and where some sixty or seventy crores of rupees were being spent without any popular control. The present rule in these provinces was coming to an end in October 1942 and after that it would have to be continued by parliamentary legislation or some change would have to be introduced. "We ask that a change should be introduced now." "Any reform," he went on "is better than no change. We recommend executive councils in the provinces, not as an alternative in which we had great confidence but because we felt it was better than nothing and the executive councils which we had in mind were not the executive councils of the old days but those in which a majority of the members had subject to certain exceptions full power over Government as is the case with the executive councillors in the Government of India." He appealed, to the Congress, even implored them, to restore Parliamentary Government, they could do so, in those provinces. He urged in conclusion; "where there is a will there is a way, if not, necessity often finds a way."

Sir Jagdish Prasad asked how many Provincial Governors now regretted the disappearance of Parliamentary Government and had any Government made an authoritative declaration that they would be glad to have popular ministries back again? All that had been said was that until certain parties came to terms, it was impossible to have a National Government: the assumption being that while you could not force democracy down the throats of a certain section of the people, autocracy could be forced down the threat of all sections.

Rai Bahadur Mehrchand Khanna declared that the resolution raised was not a peace time issue but a war-time issue. Sir R. P. Paranjpye pointed out that when people like him who had not always seen eye to eye with Congress Governments were coming forward to advocate responsible Governments in the provinces, it was clear they were doing so not with any selfish motive but because they were democratically minded and sincerely desired that democratic Government should be established as early as possible. (Hear, hear).

Mr. Sahay (Behar) asserted that the present position in the provinces was untenable.

Sir J. P. Srivastava said that most

(Continued on page 4)

"BARHAM" SUNK

LONDON, Feb. 22.

Eight hundred and sixty-eight lives were lost when the veteran battleship "Barham" was sunk off Sollum, last November, the Admiralty announced to-day. Of Jutland and Matapan fame, the warship went down in five minutes after four torpedo hits amidships, from a German submarine.

Vice-Admiral Sir Henry Pridham-Wippell, Second-in-Command, the Mediterranean fleet, was saved, but Captain G. C. Cooke, in command, was among the 56 officers now are announced "missing, presumed to have been killed."

Before the war he was Director of the Intelligence Division of the Naval Staff. Among those who lost their lives was Lt. S. Woodcock of Bournemouth, a noted helmsman, who, in 1939 was skipper of the navy team when Britain beat Germany in the International Naval Regatta and won the Hindenburg trophy.—Reuter.

Threat Of Force Against Satyagrahis

Punjab Govt. Raises Bogey Of 'Fifth Column' In Sales Tax Agitation

LAHORE, Feb. 22.

Mr. K. H. Henderson, District Magistrate of Lahore, has prohibited publication of any article of whatever kind concerning the 'hartal' against the Sales Tax or police action taken against processionists otherwise assisting or taking part in the 'hartal in any newspaper or pamphlets published within Lahore district, unless such article is previously approved by the District Magistrate. This action has been taken under Sec. 144 Cr. P. C.—A. P.

Govt. Threat To Traders

LAHORE, Feb. 22.

The warning that the "Beopari agitators" who try to form processions will be dispersed by force, that politicians and agitators who support or assist the hartal will be arrested forthwith, and that after to-morrow shops remaining shut will be liable to be broken open and their stocks requisitioned by the authorities, is given in a press communique issued by the District Magistrate of Lahore this evening.

"The agitation against the sales tax", says the communique, "has now reached a stage when it has become definitely prejudicial to the war effort. At a time when the brave soldiers of the Punjab are fighting for our safety, the Beoparis send out women to create disturbance in the streets of Lahore. They assist in producing a crisis when even the food supply of the city is in danger. A time has come to stop their pernicious folly. Thousands of Punjabis are defending us. Crores of Punjabis are daily praying for their safety. It is these men and women who will win the war, and every agitator and Fifth Columnist who would weaken their power will receive no mercy. Fortunately, thousands of maunds of grain have been bought for Lahore: depots are being opened, and every day, the situation will become more normal. Beopari agitators who try to form processions will in future not be arrested, but will be dispersed by force wherever they are. Politicians and agitators who support or assist the hartal and weaken the war effort will be arrested forthwith, however many they may be. After to-morrow, shops remaining shut will be liable to be broken open, and their stocks requisitioned by the authorities for necessities. There will be no more warning. The public will no longer be oppressed by one section of the community who will themselves try to make the public pay for any tax put on them."—A. P.

Dewan Chamanlal Arrested

LAHORE, Feb. 22.

Mr. Bhim Sen Sachar, leader of the Congress Party in the Punjab Assembly, was arrested to-night, under the Defence of India rules. Other Congress members of the Assembly arrested are Dewan Chaman Lal, Mr. Dev Raj Sethi and Sardar Chanan Singh.—A. P.

Women Processionists Arrested

LAHORE, Feb. 22.

Several batches of traders paraded the streets of Lahore to-day shouting slogans against the Punjab General Sales Tax Act. A procession of women in this connection was stopped by the police near the General Post Office when 15 of them including Mrs. Dhaniram Bhalla, their leader, were arrested.—United Press.

Lathi Charge On Demonstrators

LAHORE, Feb. 22.

A large number of factory workers held a demonstration at Lahore to-day in order to draw the Government's attention to the hardship caused by the scarcity of wheat flour for daily consumption.

The demonstrators intended to proceed the Premier's residence, but was stopped near the Imperial Bank by the police who made a lathi charge on the demonstrators on their refusal to disperse.

The police arrested several persons, including Mian Iftikharuddin, President of the Punjab Provincial Congress Committee, and Mr. Virendra, Managing Editor of the "Pratap" who were present in the crowd.

NOTABLE SUCCESSES IN NEW RUSSIAN ADVANCE

Considerable Progress In Twin Thrust: Will Nazi Hold On Leningrad Snap?

STOCKHOLM:—THE RUSSIANS ON SUNDAY ANNOUNCED AN IMPORTANT NEW SUCCESS IN THEIR EFFORTS TO RELIEVE LENINGRAD, SAYS REUTER'S CORRESPONDENT.

HOLD ON LENINGRAD TO SNAP?

A DISPATCH FROM MOSCOW SAYS THAT 60 FORTIFIED BLOCKHOUSES IN THE VICINITY OF SCHLUSSELBURG, THE MOST EASTERLY POINT OF THE NAZIS' INNER RING ROUND THE CITY; HAS BEEN CAPTURED IN THE PAST FEW DAYS. SOVIET TROOPS ARE STATED TO HAVE MADE CONSIDERABLE PROGRESS WITH THEIR TWIN THRUST, THE RESULT OF WHICH PROMISES TO BREAK THE GERMAN HOLD ON LENINGRAD SHORTLY.

Russians wearing white capes are frequently able to infiltrate through German lines on the Leningrad front, according to the Svenskas' Berlin correspondent. The elements of surprise, he says is also being exploited to the fullest extent by the Germans who are using artificial fog to conceal their movements and fortifications.

MOSCOW:— New Russian advances are reported from several sectors on Sunday.

On the south-western front Russian units commanded by General Kuznetzov liberated three more inhabited places. Announcing this the Moscow radio stated that the Germans suffered heavily during the struggle for the three places. One German light infantry regiment which had newly arrived in this area was flung in to deliver a counter-attack but failed completely.

On the southern front two more inhabited localities were occupied by Russian units.

A supplement to Sunday's midday communique announcing this states that the Germans offered stubborn resistance before retreating. In another sector of the southern front, Russian units destroyed ten German tanks and captured seven guns together with their material.

On the Central front the Germans suffered 200 casualties in an unsuccessful effort to recapture one of the liberated villages.

RY. STATION & TANKS DESTROYED

The Russian air force on the south-western front destroyed within a period of five days one large railway station, destroyed or damaged nine German tanks seven armoured cars and 180 lorries as well as large quantity of other military equipment. The guerilla detachments operating in the Smolensk area broke into a village where 11 German billeting officers were preparing quarters for a German infantry unit. All the German officers paid with their lives for being surprised. Then the guerillas prepared an ambush near the village, and lay in wait for the expected unit. Shortly afterwards two trucks filled with German infantry came along the road towards the village where the billets should be ready for them. Using handgrenades and automatic rifles the guerillas destroyed both trucks and inflicted over forty casualties.—Reuter.

'HIANG'S TRIBUTE TO RED ARMY

CHUNGKING Feb. 22.

General Chiang-Kai-Shek cabled a message congratulating M Stalin on occasion of the 24th anniversary the Red Army.—Reuter

NEW ARCHBISHOP OF CANTERBURY

LONDON, Feb. 22.

It is understood Dr. William Temple, Archbishop of York, is no succeed Dr. Lang, as Archbishop of Canterbury.

Dr. Temple is expected to be succeeded at York by Dr. F. Garbett, Bishop of Winchester. Dr. Lang resigned recently in order to make way for a younger man.

The Archbishop of York left York for London on Saturday on what is described as "important business."—Reuter.

Working Committee To Meet In Middle Of March

CALCUTTA, Feb. 21.

The "United Press" understands that a meeting of the Congress Working Committee will be held in the middle of March at Wardha to discuss the present political situation.

It is further understood that the members of the Committee will be apprised of the trend of talks between Marshal Chiang-Kai-Shek and Mahatma Gandhi, Maulana Abul Kalam Azad and Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru.—United Press.

Amery To Quit India Office?

Sir Archibald Sinclair As Successor

(From Our Correspondent)

LONDON, Feb. 22.

It can now be said with some definiteness that early next week, further Cabinet changes will be announced.

Following his reply to Sir Tej Bahadur Sapru stating that he would give his considered answer to the far-reaching issues raised by Sir Tej Bahadur before long, it seems that Mr. Churchill, Prime Minister, has moved a long way to meet Sir Tej Bahadur's demand for the Indianisation of the Vice roy's Council, as also to satisfy the Socialist demand that some British statesman sympathetic to India should visit that country.

It is reported that Mr. L. S. Amery, Secretary of State, will be replaced by the Liberal Leader, Sir Archibald Sinclair, at present Air Minister, who would take an early opportunity to go out to India.

Sir Archibald Sinclair is known for his radical views.

WILL LYTTELTON'S INCLUSION HELP INDIA?

(From Our Correspondent)

LONDON, Feb. 22.

The inclusion of Captain Oliver Lyttelton in the War Cabinet is welcomed in informed circles, who hope that Captain Lyttelton, who has had many intimate talks with Nahas Pasha, new Premier of Egypt, would bring well-informed mind on the Eastern questions.

In this connection, Nahas Pasha's close friendship with Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru are recalled, and it is observed: "Capt. Lyttelton, having had fresh and constant experience of Egyptian nationalism, should be ready to support India's demands."

JAP. REGIMENT ANNIHILATED

WASHINGTON, Feb. 22.

United States forces in the Bataan Peninsula recently "completely annihilated a Japanese regiment", General MacArthur has reported to the War Department.—Reuter.

ENEMY'S ADVANCE IMPEDED

BATAVIA.—The Allies are continuing to resist fiercely in Southern Sumatra and Bali. The Japanese have not yet reached Oosthaven (Telok Betong), the chief port of Southern Sumatra.

Battle Rages In Bilin-Sittang Sector

Air Raid On Maymyo; Japanese Claim Of Pegu Capture Denied

LONDON, FEB. 22.

THE JAPANESE CLAIM TO HAVE CAPTURED PEGU, ABOUT 50 MILES WEST OF THE BILIN RIVER, WAS CATEGORICALLY DENIED IN AUTHORITATIVE MILITARY QUARTERS IN LONDON TO-DAY (SUNDAY). THE CLAIM WAS DESCRIBED AS COMPLETELY AND UTTERLY UNFOUNDED. THESE QUARTERS SAID THAT THE LATEST NEWS RECEIVED WAS OF HEAVY FIGHTING BEHIND THE BILIN RIVER. THERE WAS NO INDICATION IN THESE REPORTS THAT THE JAPANESE HAD REACHED THE SITTANG RIVER.

Enemy Suffer Heavy Losses

RANGOON, Feb. 22.

Fighting continues unabated in the area between the rivers Bilin and Sittang. Our forces are inflicting heavy casualties on the enemy. Our air force is giving powerful support to our ground forces in the front line.

MAYMYO RAIDED

A Civil Defence communique states that Maymyo was raided. There were a few casualties and some damage. Other Burmese towns had alerts.

AIR FORCE SUPPORT

The latest information of the operations in the area between the Sittang and Bilin rivers is that fighting continues here. Our troops are still inflicting heavy casualties on the enemy allied forces. Air forces have again been very active over the front lines to-day, and have given powerful support to our ground operations. At present there are no details of the results of our operations to-day, but it is reported that a large number of vehicles wrecked in yesterday's operations were observed.

The communique issued to-night by the Civil Defence Department states that Maymyo was bombed to-day. Slight damage was caused. Other towns in Central Burma were given air raid warnings, but no incidents have been reported so far.

On Sumatra Front

"JAPANESE LAND AT BANKA"

TOKIO, Feb. 22.

Dutch troops are still resisting on the Banka island, off Sumatra, according to a communique from Japanese imperial headquarters. The Japanese landed at Banka on February 15, simultaneously with their attack on Palembang, in South-East Sumatra. The communique says that the defenders are now being "mopped up", following the capture of the principal town of Pangkalpinang on the east coast of Banka.

Another Japanese communique announces for the first time the occupation of Palembang which is stated to have been completed on February 17.

On Java Front

ENEMY AIRCRAFT DESTROYED

BATAVIA:—A communique issued by the headquarters of the Netherlands East Indies fighting forces to-day (Sunday) states: "Fifteen Japanese bombers and a number of fighters attacked an aerodrome in west Java yesterday morning. At least three, and probably four, Japanese bombers were shot down over the aerodrome.

Eighteen Japanese fighters making for Bandeong in West Java were intercepted by our fighters, which shot down four planes and damaged one more so seriously that it can be considered lost. We lost two of our aircraft. One of the pilots also rammed a Japanese planes and reached safely without injury. The second pilot was wounded. Some damage was done to the aerodrome. Another Japanese bomber was shot down in the vicinity of Malang For the rest, Japanese activity was restricted to incidental machine-gunning of some aerodromes as a result of which some persons were killed and some wounded."

On Philippine Front

WASHINGTON, Feb. 21.

The text of the War Department "communique" to-day states the Philippine theatres—

AIR BATTLE OFF BALI

WASHINGTON, Feb. 21.

The Navy Department announces that six destroyers accompanied by Dutch warships sank two enemy destroyers off Bali with only slight damage to United States vessels and minor loss to personnel.

ENEMY LOSS IN BATTLE FOR BALI

BATAVIA:—Latest reports regarding the battle for Bali indicate that the Japanese losses are; One cruiser sunk, five cruisers damaged, two destroyers sunk and others damaged. The Allies losses are one destroyer sunk and four planes.

JAPANESE LAND IN BALI

BATAVIA, Feb. 22.

It is understood that one or two Japanese units have succeeded in landing in Bali despite the terrific Allied air and naval attack of which further details at present are not available. Landing parties are being strongly engaged by Dutch troops and members of the specially conscripted Balinese Defence Force. Japanese air activity continued on a considerable scale over Java to-day (Sunday).—Reuter.

Heavy artillery firing by both sides characterised the action on Bataan in the past 24 hours. Infantry patrols were active resulting in numerous skirmishes.

In the air enemy aircraft made frequent flights over our lines dropping incendiary bombs. Hostile artillery fire on all our fortifications was resumed with Fort Frank bearing the brunt of the attack. Our harbour defence batteries returned the fire.—Reuter.

PARTIAL MARTIAL LAW AT DARWIN

CANBERRA, Feb 21.

Martial law has not yet been declared at Darwin stated the Prime Minister, Mr. Curtin to-day. Both London and Darwin had been bombed but were unconquered. There was neither martial law nor the enemy at either place.

War Minister Mr. Forde said that a measure of military control was being exercised following the recent raids on Darwin.—Reuter

Allied Destroyer Lost

BATAVIA, Feb. 21.

A special announcement issued here to-day says that one Allied destroyer was lost in the naval engagement of Bali on Thursday night. The announcement reads "We hear that Thursday night an offensive action was executed in Bali waters by Allied surface craft with submarines on enemy concentrations. To this we may add that two enemy cruisers and two destroyers were heavily damaged by torpedoes and artillery. After having been hit by a torpedo one enemy cruiser burst into flames and shortly after exploded. One Allied destroyer was lost after having been hit by a torpedo."

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Advertiser wishes to contact sufferers from Hydrocele, Vericocele, Filaria, etc. who would take simple, quick and cheap treatment without surgical operation from a well-known Specialist proposed to be invited from Calcutta to Bombay Write to Box No. 15814, "Bombay Chronicle."

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B. B. & C. I. Railway. W. W. office has asked us to supply trained station-masters and signallers on decent salaries so we want candidates for station-master and signaller's course, scholarship Rs. 50 and Railway fare terms. Free lodging. Send 2 annas stamps to: Director, All-India Railway Routine Training Institute, Delhi. (15573)

Public Service Commission, Bengal. Applications are invited from male Muslim candidates to fill a temporary appointment lasting for the duration of the war to the post of Professor of Medical Jurisprudence, Calcutta. Age—not less than 35. Qualifications—a medical graduate with practical knowledge of forensic medicine as well as practical experience as a teacher. Full details may be obtained from the Secretary, Public Service Commission, Bengal, Anderson House, Alipore, personally or "on sending an addressed envelope with a nine pies stamp." Last date for receipt of applications on prescribed form, together with treasury receipt for Rs. 5, 14th March, 1942.

Public Service Commission, Bengal. Applications are invited from male Muslim Candidates to fill a temporary appointment for the duration of the war to the post of Assistant Professor of Chemistry, School of Tropical Medicine, Calcutta. Pay—125—350. Age—35. Qualifications—high academic qualifications with special degree or diploma in Chemistry. Full details may be obtained from the Secretary, Public Service Commission, Bengal, Anderson House, Alipore, personally or "on sending an addressed envelope with a nine pies stamp." Last date for receipt of applications on prescribed form, together with treasury receipt for Rs. 5, 16th March, 1942.

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THE CONTROLLER OF STORES, Gipstore Lane, Lower Parel Bombay 13, invites tenders for the purchase of old and unserviceable stores available for disposal at the General Stores Depot, Lower Parel, Bombay. Price per copy of tender form Rs. 2/- which amount will not be refunded. Closing date 16th March, 1942 at 3 P. M. (S.T.) Tender form obtainable from the Controller of Stores' Office. Payment by cheque, postal order or postage stamps will not be accepted.

(7436)

B. B. & C. I. RAILWAY.

THIRD CLASS TRAVEL.

ARRANGEMENTS FROM BOMBAY.

THE TRAIN SERVICES from Bombay Central and booking arrangements for third class passengers in Bombay will be altered on and from WEDNESDAY, 25th February, as follows:—

15 Dn. Kathiawar Express will leave at 8-0 a. m.

9 Dn. Baroda Passenger will leave at 8-40 a. m.

11 Dn. Ahmedabad Passenger will be cancelled.

1 Dn. Gujarat Mail will leave at 6-0 p. m.

5 Dn. Gujarat Mail will leave at 6-45 p. m.

3 Dn. Frontier Mail will leave at 8-0 p. m. (as at present)

7 Dn. Ahmedabad Passenger will leave at 8-15 p. m.

Third class passengers to stations upto Baroda will be booked only by 9 Dn. Baroda Passenger and 7 Dn. Ahmedabad Passenger.

Third class passengers for Baroda will be booked only by 9 Dn. Baroda Passenger, 3 Dn. Frontier Mail and 7 Dn. Ahmedabad Passenger. Third class passengers for Godhra and Dohad will also be booked by Frontier Mail.

Third class passengers for all stations beyond Baroda will be booked only by 15 Dn. Kathiawar Express, 1 Dn. Gujarat Mail, 5 Dn. Kathiawar Mail and 7 Dn. Ahmedabad Passenger.

Additional third class accommodation is now available on 9 Dn. Baroda Passenger and will be available on 15 Dn. Kathiawar Express.

On and from the same date, the City Booking Offices at Kalbadevi and Girgaum will be re-opened for limited third class booking from 10-30 to 13 hours daily for Gujarat and Kathiawar Mails and for Ahmedabad Passenger. The Third Class Booking Windows at Bombay Central will open a 13 hours daily for issue of tickets for 1 Dn. Gujarat Mail, 5 Dn. Kathiawar Mail and 7 Dn. Ahmedabad Passenger and will remain open until accommodation is fully booked up.

(7462)

Legal Notices

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that VINAYAK BHASKAR KUDTARKAR and Bai ANANDIBAI, widow of Bhaskar Vinayak Kudtarkar, both of Andheri Hindu Inhabitants, have contracted to sell the undermentioned property to our client free from all incumbrances.

All persons having any claim against or to the said property or any part thereof by way of inheritance, possession, mortgage, sale, exchange, gift, lease, lien, charge, trust, maintenance, easement, or otherwise howsoever are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office at Lentin Chambers, Dalal Street, Fort, Bombay, within fourteen days from the date of publication hereof, otherwise the sale will be completed without reference to such claim and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

SCHEDULE OF THE PROPERTY

ALL that piece or parcel of land or ground together with the messuages, tenements and buildings standing thereon situate, lying and being at Gundavli near Andheri in the Registration Sub-District of Bandra in Bombay Suburban District and containing by admeasurement 1411 Square Yards or thereabouts and bearing Non-agricultural Survey Nos. 58 C and 58 H and assessed by the Vile-Parle Municipality under house No. 4 and 4A at Nagardas Road, (formerly being Plot No. 6) and bounded as follows that is to say:— On or towards the East by the property of Seth Mathuradas Vissonji and on or towards the West by Nagardas Road, on or towards the South by the property of Pitale and on or towards the North by land of Dadarker.

Dated this 23rd day of February, 1942.

MAZAGONWALLA & CO.,
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Public Notices

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(7426)

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NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Bai SHANTABAI, widow of Gangadas Dahyabhai, Executrix of the last Will and Testament of the said Gangadas Dahyabhai has contracted to sell the undermentioned property to our client free from all incumbrances.

ALL PERSONS having any claim against or to the said property by way of inheritance, mortgage, sale, gift, lease, lien, charge, trust, maintenance, easement or otherwise, howsoever, are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office at Alli Chambers, Tamarind Lane, Fort, Bombay within fourteen (14) days from the date hereof, otherwise the sale will be completed without reference to such claim and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

THE SCHEDULE OF THE PROPERTY:—

ALL that piece or parcel of Government Pension and Tax land or ground together with the messuage, tenement or dwelling house standing thereon situate, lying and being at 2nd Khattargali Lane, without the Fort and in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay and assessed by the Municipal Assessor and Collector under "C" Ward No. 4982 and Street No. 21 and Registered in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Old No. 140, New No. 1281, Old Survey No. 325 and New Survey No. 374 and containing by admeasurement 139 square yards or thereabouts and bearing Cadastral Survey No. 2277 of Bhuleshwar Division and bounded on the EAST by the property of Purshottam Trimbak Jhaveri, on the WEST by the property of Govindrao Kashinath, on the NORTH by the frontage of the 2nd Khattargali Lane and on the SOUTH by a Sweepers' passage.

Dated this 23rd day of February, 1942

HOOSEINI DOCTOR & CO.,
Purchaser's Attorneys.

7464

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION

IN THE COURT OF SMALL CAUSES AT BOMBAY

S. C. Ct. Suit No. 6607 of 1936.

THE MUNICIPAL CORPORATION of the City of Bombay ..... Plaintiffs

vs.

ANANDRAO NARAYAN SURVE ..... Defendant.

WHEREAS in pursuance of a Warrant of sale of immovable property dated the 20th day of December, 1941, the Sheriff has been directed to sell by public auction at the instance of the Plaintiffs all the right, title and interest of the Defendant abovenamed as the heir and legal representative of the deceased Bai Gangabai, widow of Narayan Hari Surve in the following property:—

All that piece of Fazandari land together with messuage tenement or dwelling house thereon situate at Umerkhadi, Bombay, admeasuring 252 square yards or thereabouts bearing Municipal B Ward No. 3546, Street Nos. 77-81 and Collector's New Survey No. 3646 (part) Cadastral Survey No. 1977 of Mandvi Division.

Notice is hereby given to all persons having rights in or charges or claims on the abovenamed property (other than claims involving an objection to the attachment or seeking the removal of the same) that they should on or before the 19th day of March, 1942, lodge in my office an affidavit verified by oath or solemn affirmation of such rights, claims or charges.

Dated this 16th day of February, 1942.

(Sd.) ARMAND F. SEQUEIRA,
Commissioner.
(7467)

Legal Notices

HIGH COURT OF BOMBAY

INSOLVENCY NO. 36 OF 1942

Re: HARGOVINDDAS RAMJI Hindu Inhabitant, residing at Mulund and carrying on business as Kariana merchant and commission agent at 194 Khoja Gulli, outside the Fort of Bombay ..... A Debtor.

Ex parte: Messrs. PRAGDAS MATHURADAS ... Petitioning Creditors.

On the 20th day of February, 1942, an order was made by the High Court of Judicature at Bombay in its Insolvency Jurisdiction adjudging the abovenamed Debtor an Insolvent.

Dated this 21st day of February, 1942.

S. S. RANGNEKAR,
Insolvency Registrar.

(7463)

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that SIR SORAB DORABJI SAKLATVALA, KT. and others all of Bombay Parsi Inhabitants, the present Trustees of an Indenture of Settlement, dated the 8th day of March, 1889, known as Tata Settlement No. 2 have contracted with our clients to sell to them their property mentioned in the Schedule hereunder written free from all claims and incumbrances.

Any person or persons having or claiming any estate, right, title, interest, claim or demand whatsoever in to or upon or in respect of the said property or any part thereof by way of inheritance, gift, bequest, trust, charge, sale, residence, use, maintenance, possession, mortgage, equitable mortgage, lease, lien, easement or otherwise howsoever is or are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office at 41A, Bruce Street, Fort, Bombay, within fourteen days from the date hereof, at the expiration of which period the sale will be completed without any reference to such claim or demand (if any) as may not have been received before the expiry of the above time and the same shall be considered and treated as abandoned.

SCHEDULE OF THE PROPERTY.

FIRSTLY.—ALL that piece or parcel of vacant land or ground of Toka Tenure, situate at Antop Hill, Wadala, without the Fort of Bombay and in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 6,159 square yards or thereabouts and registered by the Collector of Land Revenue under New No. A/14908 and New Survey No. 1-2/1045 and Cadastral Survey No. 354 of Matoonga and Salt Pan Division and bounded as follows, that is to say, on or towards the North by a Government passage, on or towards the South and East by land bearing C. S. No. 355 and 1/355 belonging to Building Construction Co., Ltd and on or towards the West by Government Hilly land known as Muddy Antop Hill bearing C. S. No. 351 leased to Walchand and Co Ltd. the assessment whereof is Rs 16-0-7.

SECONDLY.—ALL that piece or parcel of vacant land or ground of Pension and Tax Tenure now redeemed situate at Antop Hill, Wadala, without the Fort of Bombay and in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay containing by admeasurement 7135 square yards or thereabouts and registered by the Collector of Land Revenue under New Nos. 3477 and 3478 and New Survey No. 1/1044 and Cadastral Survey No 353 of Matoonga and Salt Pan Division and bounded as follows, that is to say, on or towards the North by Muslim Sanatorium bearing C. S. No. 358 and partly by Government land in charge of the Collector of Salt Revenue bearing C. S. No. 352, on or towards the South by Government passage on or towards the East by C S No. 358 and on or towards the West by Government land in charge of Collector of Salt Revenue bearing C. S. No 352.

Dated this 21st day of February, 1942.

SABNIS GOREGAOKER & SENJIT,
Purchasers' Attorneys.

7461

Auction Sales

SALE OF HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE on THURSDAY, the 26th February, 1942 at 3 P.M. at the Sale Room of the undersigned comprising wardrobe and dressing table to match, blackwood wardrobe, dressing table, spring box bed, palm stands, wall clock, Kodak camera, Columbia portable gramophone, silver and plated tableware and similar other household things. Also one semi-grand piano, sofas and settees. A lot of E glass globes

SORABJEE COWASJEE & CO.,
123, Medows Street, BOMBAY.

BENNETT & CO.

AUCTION SALE OF FURNITURE CARPETS, BILLIARD TABLE, Etc.

Under instructions from the Custodian of Enemy Property Messrs. BENNETT & CO. will sell by public auction on THURSDAY, the 26th February, 1942 at 11 A. M. (S. T.) at Albert Building (2nd floor) Hornby Road, Fort, the undermentioned furniture, etc. of Messrs Gosho Kabusiki Kaisha, Ltd. vested in the Custodian of Enemy Property.

Dining table chairs, Paintings panel door cupboards, crockery, glassware, large carpets, Billiard table, baseball game sets, etc.

On view from the 25th inst.

BENNETT & CO.

NEW TIMINGS FOR HINDI AND MARATHI SHOWS FROM TODAY

11-15 a.m. (Marathi)
2-30 p.m. (Hindi)
5-45 p.m. (Marathi)
8-45 p.m. (Hindi)

★

PRAKASH'S

BHARAT MILAP

(Hindi)

BHARAT BHET

(Marathi)

Now in 4th WEEK

Also running at Delhi, Lahore, Allahabad, Benares and other places.

MAJESTIC

EVERGREEN RELEASE.

The story of the three brothers which every brother must see!

ATRE PICTURES' Fascinating Family Tale

RAJA RANI RAJA RANI

3rd WEEK AT

CENTRAL

Daily: 3-30 6-15 and 9 p.m.

THIRD THRILLING WEEK

RANJIT'S MUSICAL EXTRAVAGANZA

BETI

Directed by JAYANT DESAI

Cast:
KHURSHID, VASANTI, AROON

Daily: 3, 6, 9 p.m.

OPERA HOUSE

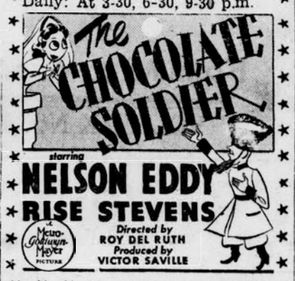
REGAL at 4, 6-30 & 9-30 p.m.

You'll hug yourself with DELIGHT!

METRO

INDIA'S PREMIER THEATRE
Esplanade Road
Telephone 31045

Daily: At 3-30, 6-30, 9-30 p.m.



INDIA COULD TAKE IT

MINERVA'S Thrilling Historical

SIKANDAR

Director:- SOHRAB MODI

25TH WEEK 25TH

MINERVA

To-day—Shows Nos. 555, 556, 557.

Daily 3 Shows 3-30, 6-15, 9 p.m.

An Evergreen Release

ZANANA SHOW On Every Wednesday at 1 p.m.

COME BEHIND STAGE

OF AN INDIAN THEATRE

with

NASEEM

in

TAJ MAHAL'S EXQUISITE

UJALA

with

PRITHVIRAJ, MUBARAK, RATANBAI, MIRZA, MUSHARAF

NOW SHOWING AT

LAMINGTON

Daily: 3, 6 & 9 p.m

BEST ENTERTAINMENT TO-DAY

See NATIONAL'S

Garib

Starring
SURENDRA & ROSE

SWASTIK

TALKIES

Daily: 3, 6 and 9 P.M.

EXCELSIOR

4, 6-30 & 9-30 p.m

A stirring saga of a nation in the making

THIS ENGLAND

Starring:
JOHN CLEMENTS
CONSTANCE CUMMINGS
EMLYN WILLIAMS

Thrills, Drama, Romance

2ND WEEK

of crowded houses

Murli's Emotional Drama

PYAS

Starring:
SNEHPRABHA & ISHWARLAL

AT

IMPERIAL

Daily: 4, 7 & 10 p. m.
Mat. 1-30 on Sat., Sun. & Holidays

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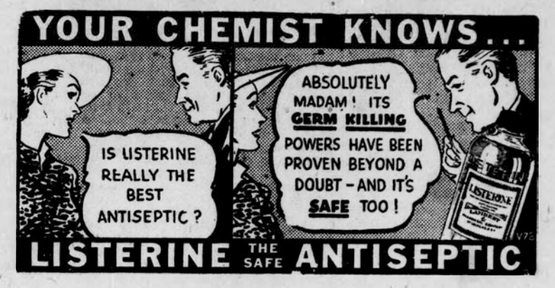
NATION'S INDUSTRY
THE INDIA CYCLE MFG. CO. LTD. CALCUTTA
CYCLE PARTS BUILT IN INDIA
SOLD ALL OVER THE COUNTRY
INDIA CYCLE MFG. CO. LTD.
4, CLIVE GHAT ST. CALCUTTA


YOUR CHEMIST KNOWS...
IS LISTERINE REALLY THE BEST ANTISEPTIC?
ABSOLUTELY MADAM! ITS GERM KILLING POWERS HAVE BEEN PROVEN BEYOND A DOUBT - AND IT'S SAFE TOO!
LISTERINE THE SAFE ANTISEPTIC

For the Blood, Veins, Arteries and Heart

Elasto

REGISTERED The Wonder Tablet

Take It — and Stop Limping!

LEG aches and pains soon vanish when 'Elasto' is taken. Bad blood and anaemic conditions are quickly overcome, skin troubles clear up, leg wounds become clean and healthy and quickly heal, inflammation and irritation are soothed, piles disappear, rheumatism simply fades away, and the whole system is braced and strengthened. This is not magic, *although the relief does seem magical*; it is the natural result of revitalised blood and improved circulation brought about by 'Elasto,' *the tiny tablet with wonderful healing powers.*

Write NOW for interesting Booklet explaining this new science of Natural Healing — *and make the discovery of a lifetime!* or we will send you V.P.P. a supply of 'Elasto,' with Booklet enclosed, Price Rs. 2.6 or Rs. 4.0 (double quantity), on request.

The Agent, 'Elasto' (Dept. 6K.), P.O. Box 258, Bombay. 11041

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The MIDGET "A"
Superior 16-Jewel Movement
18-ct. Solid Gold ... Rs. 180
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Fine 15-Jewel Movement
18-ct. Solid Gold ... Rs. 108
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Extra-fine Movement of 15 Jewels
18-ct. Solid Gold ... Rs. 145

AGREEABLY FINE AND FAULTLESS!

Whether for your wife or sister whose time is equally valuable as your own or for your daughter who must get ready in time for the school, decide on one of these dainty little watches which are widely known for their handsome durable design and absolute trustworthiness. Alike all other West End watches, they are so superbly fine and faultless that they are sure to satisfy the highest expectations. Numerous other varieties available for selection from illustrated FREE Catalogue.

WEST END WATCH Co
BOMBAY CALCUTTA

DETENU RELEASE WEEK

23RD FEBRUARY TO 1ST MARCH 1942...

The Secretary, Detenu Release Week Committee, writes:—

Prominent leaders of the workers, peasants and the people are to-day detained in prisons and interned in towns and villages without trial under the Defence of India Act. This is an encroachment on the most fundamental rights of civil liberties of the people of India and therefore it is the duty of the conscious elements of the people of India to get the detenu and internees released by a mass movement based on the broadest unity of the people. Leaders of the Indian people have time and again demanded the release of detenus.

A Detenu Release Week is therefore being observed in Bombay City from 23rd February to 1st March 1942 by a committee consisting of the representatives of the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee, the Bombay Provincial Trade Union Congress, the Civil Liberties Union and the North Bombay and Bombay Students' Unions. The programme of the week is given below. Meetings will be held during the week in different parts of the city and will be addressed by Sjts. Bhulabhai Desai, S. K. Patil, Lalji Pendse, Khedgikar and others. All Citizens of Bombay are requested to take part in the programme of the week and make it successful. To-day (Monday) (9 p.m.) Nagpada Neighbourhood House. Tuesday 24th (6 p.m.) Palanji Sojpal Chawl, B. B. C. I. Dadar, Wednesday 25th (8 p.m.) Danabundar, Mandvi, Thursday 26th (6 p.m.) Nappu Hall, Kings Circle, Matunga, Friday 27th (5-30 p.m.) Opp. Phoenix (Beetia) Mill, Fergusson Road.

BIG RALLY ...

Saturday 28th (5-30 p.m.) Chowpatty (Chairman: Sjt. Bhulabhai Desai), Sunday 1st March (6 p.m.) Kamgar Maidan, Parel.

KHAR COMMITTEE OF CIVIL DEFENCE:—"At a public meeting of the residents of Khar a committee consisting of several public spirited persons has been appointed to organise the residents of this suburb for the purposes of civic protection and help if and when a state of emergency arises. Sjt. B. G. Kher is the Chairman and Mrs. Urmila B. Mehta, Mrs. Meherbanu S. Jhabvala, Mr. G. A. Kulkarni and Mr. Veerbal H. Mehta have been elected Hon. Secretaries. The Committee has already begun its work and funds are being collected for the purpose of necessary material and equipment.

City And Suburbs

LOCAL ENGAGEMENTS To-day

Hindu: Fagan Shud 8, 1998
Muslim: Safar 7, 1361
Parsi: Shehrever 22, 1311
Sunrise: 7-4 a.m. Sunset: 6-40 p.m.
Hightide: 4-11, 17-58. Lowtide: 10-56, 23-24.

AMUSEMENTS OF THE DAY

CAPITOL—"Foreign Correspondent" 4, 6-30 and 9-30 p.m.
METRO—"The Chocolate Soldier" 3-30, 6-30 and 9-30 p.m.
MAJESTIC—"Bharat Milap" 2-30, 5-45 and 8-45 p.m.
REGAL—"Appointment For Love" 4, 6-30 and 9-30 p.m.
OPERA HOUSE—"Beti" 3, 6 and 9 p.m.
NEW WEST END—"Doctor" 3-30, 6-15 and 9 p.m.
NOVELTY—"Municipality" 3-30, 6-30 and 9-30 p.m.
CHITRA—"Shadi" 4, 6-45 and 9-45 p.m.
MINERVA—"Sikandar" 3-30, 6-15 and 9 p.m.
HIND-MATA—"Hitler" also Stage performance Miss Mary, 4-30, 7 and 10 p.m.
EDWARD—"India To-day" 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
PALACE—"Penny Serenade" 4, 6-30 and 10
CENTRAL—"Raja Rani" 3-30, 6-15 and 9 p.m.
SWASTIK—"Garib" 3 6 and 9 p.m.
LAMINGTON—"Ujala" 3, 6 and 9 p.m.
ROXY—"Jhoola" 2-15, 5-45 and 9 p.m.
KRISHNA—"Khazanchi" 3, 6 and 9 p.m.
BROADWAY—"Sadhana" 4-15, 7 and 10 p.m.
KOHINOOR—"Payachi Dasi" 4-30, 7-15 and 10 p.m.
IMPERIAL—"Pyas" 4, 7 and 10 p.m.

MUNICIPAL CORPORATION: There will be no meeting of the Corporation to-day (Monday).

WILSON PHILOLOGICAL LECTURES.—Prof. H. S. Rubens on "Mishnaic Hebrew" in Lecture Theatre, University School of Economics and Sociology to-day (Monday) at 5-30 p.m.

C. I. BOYS' HIGH SCHOOL: Capt. A. D. Patwardhan, ex-pilot of Afghanistan, will give a talk on "India Defence and Military Recruitment" at 3-30 p.m. to-day (Monday.)

BHARATIYA VIDYA BHAVAN EXTENSION LECTURES: At 4 p.m. to-day (Monday) at University Buildings, South Wing, Ground Floor, Miss Sushila Mehta will speak on "Shri Madhvacharya" (in Gujarati)

BOMBAY MEDICAL COUNCIL: The ordinary meeting of the Bombay Medical Council will be held in the Committee Room of the Council to-day (Monday) at 2 p.m. (S. T.), Maj.-Gen. R. H. Candy presiding.

"A. R. P. MEETING AT KURLA—A meeting of the members of the A. R. P. Committee, Group and Senior Wardens, Kurla Division, will be held at the Kurla Estate Office to-day (Monday) at 6 p. p. (S. T.)

A. R. P. COMMITTEE, MATUNGA: A. R. P. Wardens are requested to attend the lecture on "War Gases" by Class III Instructors in Ramnarain Ruia College to-day (Monday) at 9 p.m. (S. T.).

CZECH CONSULATE:—The office of the Czechoslovak Consulate in in Bombay has been removed from 'Patel House' 124, Wodehouse Road, Colaba, to 'West View' 87, Wodehouse Road, Colaba, Bombay.

BOMBAY CITY AND SUBURBAN MOTOR-CAR DRIVERS' UNION: Forms for enrolment as volunteer in the P. V. B. are kept at the office of the union (Dadabhoy Manzil, Congress House Compound) for the use of its members and other drivers.

GONDAL PRINCESS WEDS.—The marriage ceremony of Shree Jaya Kunverba youngest Princess of Shree Bhojraji Saheb, Heir-Apparent, Gondal State was solemnised with the Thakore Saheb of Wadhwan State at Rajkot.

LITERACY WEEK MEETING: There will be a meeting in connection with the Literacy Week to-day (Monday) in the evening at Moolji Shet Compound, Khetwadi 4th Lane, under the presidentship of Prof. V. G. Rao. Other speakers like Messrs. Songaonkar, Dhundiraj Lokhande, Kholavilkar will also address the meeting.

"F" WARD CONGRESS.—A meeting of the Congress Workers and those interested in People's Volunteer Brigade will be held to-day (Monday) at 8 p. m. (S. T.) at the Bombay Gymnastic Institute, Opp. Kamgar Maidan, Gokhale Society Road,, Parel.

MANILAL PAREKS'S LECTURES—Bhai Manilal C. Parekh will deliver a public lecture on "Place Of Religion In The New World Order" at the Mazdaznan Hall Opp. Church Gate Station, to-day (Monday) at 6-15 p. m. (S. T.) Mr. Jamshed K. Mehta, ex-Mayor of Karachi, will preside.

BOMBAY NATIONAL GUARDS.—"The Jt. Hon. Secretary writes—An urgent Managing Committee meeting will be held to-day (Monday) at Congress House at 7 p. m. All members and recruits are required to fill up the forms of P. V. B. and return the same at the office of the B. N. G. latest by Tuesday 9 p. m.

CEYLONESE ASSOCIATION OF INDIA: Mr. V. S. C. Singham, President, Ceylonese Association of India, would be pleased to receive, interview and arrange comfort for the Ceylonese Evacuees from Singapore and any other parts arrived in Bombay. Should any Ceylonese need any comfort, please ring up to 20,022 or to my residence 23,202 at any time and on receipt of information, prompt arrangements would be made for any services.

LATE JAMNALAL BAJAJ: Under the auspices of the Gandhi Seva Sena, Gujarati Hindu Stri Mandal, Saraswat Mahila Samaj, Gujarati Hindu Stri Mandal, Santa Cruz Branch, Hind Mahila Samaj, Gurjar Ladies Social Club, Stri Patidar Samaj and Dadar Vanita Samaj, a Condolence Meeting of the Women of Bombay will be held at Hira Bag, C. P. Tank to-day (Monday) at 4 p.m. (S. T.), to express their deep sense of sorrow at the sudden and untimely death of Seth Jamnalal Bajaj.

ALL-INDIA MARWARI FEDERATION: The Working Committee and the All-India Committee of the Marwari Federation will meet at Delhi under the presidentship of Shreeyut Seth Ramdeo Poddar of Bombay on the 7th and the 8th of March respectively.

The working class cost of living index for Madras City for the week ended 14th February, 1942 is 115, which is the same as that for the previous two weeks.

Another Year Of Progress

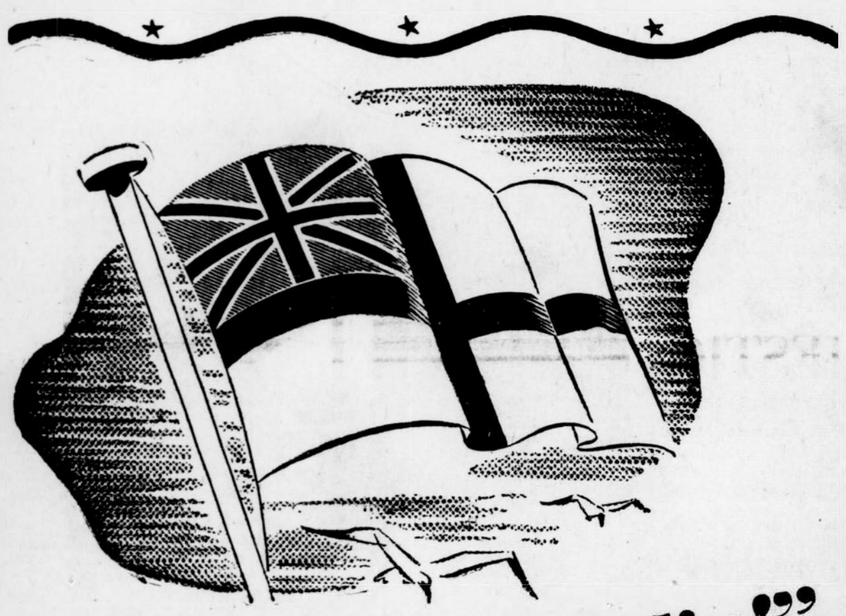
	BUSINESS ACCEPTED	COMPLETED
1941	Rs. 78,00,000	Rs. 70,00,000
1940	Rs. 67,00,000	Rs. 60,00,000

ASIAN POLICIES COVER WAR RISKS OF CIVILIANS IN INDIA WITHOUT ANY EXTRA PREMIUM

The Company To Insure with or Represent

ASIAN ASSURANCE CO. LTD.,

BALLARD ESTATE, BOMBAY.



"Young men of India!"

GOOD EDUCATION COMMANDS GOOD PAY

ROYAL INDIAN NAVY

OFFERS ON ENTRY

Ordinary Telegraphists or Ordinary Signalmen (Matriculation Standard) **Rs. 60** PER MONTH

Ordinary Seamen or Stokers 2nd class (Pre-Matriculation Standard) **Rs. 30** PER MONTH

Rations and Clothing free
Extra Pay for Extra Qualifications

Apply to:—

Deputy Technical Recruiting Officer, Esplanade Maidan (North), Dhobi Talao, Bombay No: 1.

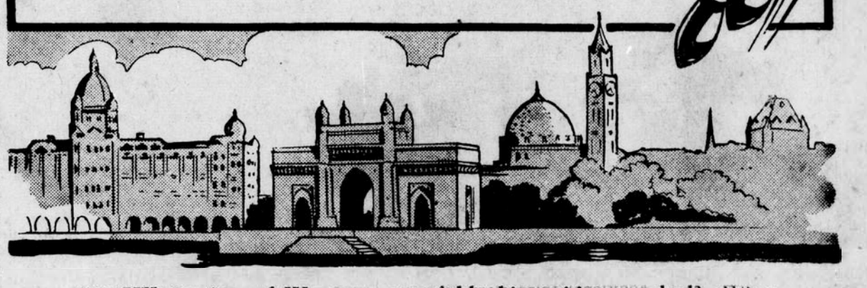
Technical Recruiting Officer, Staunton Road, Poona.

Assistant Technical Recruiting Officer, Railway Road, Mhow.

"come and join us!"

CUT THIS OUT & KEEP IT

THE OBJECTS OF ENEMY RAIDS ON CITIES



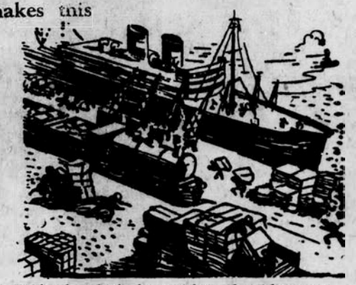
WHY, in time of War, are peaceful-looking cities attacked? What would be the enemy's object in running tremendous risks to carry out a small air or naval raid on Bombay?

That might happen some day. Even the most far-seeing of us cannot be sure that it will not happen. All we can be certain of is that, with a World War in progress, Bombay must ensure its safety by taking the wise precautions represented by our growing A.R.P. strength.

As long as there is one chance in a thousand of Bombay being attacked, it is criminal folly not to insure against it.

It is a lesson learnt from other countries that half the A.R.P. strength of a city consists of knowing what to expect, so that everybody behaves calmly whilst the active defences are making the enemy pay the price of his venture. And knowing what to expect includes understanding the enemy's purposes in dodging our patrols over 5000 miles of ocean in order to release a few bombs or shells at this city.

The enemy's object, if ever he makes this costly attempt, would be twofold:



1 ***to slow up our war effort*** by smashing our docks and other "military objectives" such as Railways and Warehouses. (for in war-time a peaceful-looking Port is a Gateway of supplies for the front-line.)

2 ***to slow up our war effort*** by spreading panic among the civilian population, and thus making factories stop work, transport cease running. Panic would also remove their livelihood from those who run away.

If the enemy succeeds in causing panic by making you believe that the attack is directed at you personally, he is thoroughly satisfied—even if the raid costs him his ship or planes and the lives of his sailors and airmen. For, while his bombs and shells cannot possibly halt all essential services and render all factories and workshops idle, mass panic will achieve this object for him—perhaps for weeks!

In England, which has withstood raids many times worse than anything India will ever know, the people have never panicked. They have taken shelter quickly and efficiently, and then gone back to their jobs with fresh determination. In Bombay, if ever we are attacked, it has got to be the same. It will be not you, but your COURAGE, that will be in danger if an emergency occurs during 1942. Remember that!

If you want to know what is being done to defend you—what to do to protect yourself—

ASK YOUR WARDEN

Look for him at your nearest Warden Post between 6.0 p.m. and 9.0 p.m. any evening.

A.R.P. WARDEN'S POST

Published for the information of the citizens of Bombay by the Government of Bombay.

CUT THIS OUT & KEEP IT

ON THE AIR

MONDAY FEBRUARY 23

Delhi I—Programme

338.6 metres (886 kc/s)

4-30 p.m. For Indian troops in the Far East. 5 Fani Ki Ghazlen. 5-15 Zohra Jamal. 5-30 Abdullah. 5-45 Zinda Hasan. 6-15 Malika Pukhraj. 6-30 Our Defence Line. 4. 5-45 For villagers only. 7-45 Debatee Gane. 8 Shahana on Sitar. 8-15 Do Ghazlen. 8-30 Malika Pukhraj. 8-45 Afzal Husain. 9-30 B B C News relay. 9-45 Abdullah. 9-55 Listening post. 10 Zinda Hasan. 10-15 Zohra Jamal 10-30 Pahari Folk Songs.

Bombay I—Programme

244 metres (1,231 kc/s)

7-30 a.m. Saraswati Mane. 7-50 News in Hindustani. 8 News in English. 8-10 Ahalyabai. 8-25 Master Bhargavram. 8-50 News in Marathi. 9 News in Gujarati. 9-10 Nisar Ahmed. 12-30 p.m. Worship in words. 12-57 News in Hindustani. 1 Instrumental variety. 1-30 News in English. 1-35 Lunch hour music. 4-15 School broadcast. 4-20 Civics. 5 To-morrow. 5-5 Visanji H. Maroo. 5-20 Ahalyabai. 5-40 News in Marathi. 5-50 Abhang. 6 News in English. 6-5 News in Hindustani. 6-10 Visanji H. Maroo. 6-20 Local news and announcements. 6-25 Local news and announcements. 6-30 Nana Ani Mani. 7 Berlina-Samachar. 7-15 Ahalyabai. 7-30 Amritlal Navsariwala. 7-45 News commentary. 7-50 Jaltarang Solo. 8 News in Marathi. 8-15 News in Gujarati. 8-30 Sports review. 8-45 Radio Reconnaissance. 9 News in Hindustani. 9-15 News commentary in Hindustani. 9-20 News in English. 9-30 B B C News relay. 9-45 War commentary. 9-55 Listening post. 10 Saraswati Mane. 10-15 Hamid Husain. 10-25 Master Bhargavram.

Bombay II—Programme

41.44 metres (7,240 kc/s)

7-30 to 7-50 a.m. As in Bombay 1. 7-50 Shankerrao Biniwale. 8 Bhajan. 8-10 to 8-50 As in Bombay 1. 8-50 Recitations from Hindustani poems. 9 Anantrao Kerkar. 9-10 to 9-30 As in Bombay 1.

41.44 metres (7,240 kc/s)

12-30 to 2-25 p.m. As in Bombay 1.

61.48 metres (4,880 kc/s)

4-15 to 6 As in Bombay 1. 6 V. S Gangoli 6-10 to 7-15 As in Bombay 1. 7-15 Interval.

7-30 p.m. Commercial news 7-45 to 8 As in Bombay 1. 8 Saraswati Mane. 8-30 to 9 As in Bombay 1. 9 Air Orchestra. 9-10 Master Bhargavram. 9-30 Jer K. Telegrphna. 9-45 Ruth Saolman and her Trio. 10-30 Hilda Flanders.

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The Bombay Chronicle

WILL BRITAIN RESPOND?

In his parting message to the people of India Marshal Chiang-Kai-Shek says that the briefness of his stay has not permitted him to tell the Indian people all that he wished to say. But briefness of his stay has not been his only difficulty. Diplomatic relations between him and the British ally have also restrained him. He had a difficult task to perform in publishing to the world his sincere message to India. On the one hand he had the natural desire to enlist the fullest possible co-operation of India in resisting aggression. The Indian National Congress itself has repeatedly evinced the same desire even at the cost of the active leadership of Gandhiji. But the Marshal recognises what is essential for such co-operation. Of that he gives a hint in stressing the need for all the fighting units to give "their united support to the principles embodied in the Atlantic Charter." He made his point clear as daylight in the following concluding words of his message: "I sincerely hope and I confidently believe that our Ally, Great Britain, without waiting for any demands on the part of the people of India, will as speedily as possible give them real political power so that they may be in a position further to develop their spiritual and material strength and thus realise that their participation in the war is not merely an aid to the anti-aggression nations for securing victory, but also a turning point in their struggle for India's freedom. From an objective point of view, I am of the opinion that this would be the wisest policy which will redound to the credit of the British Empire."

Churchill's Reply

To Sapru

How is Britain going to respond to her ally's appeal? Mr. Churchill's reply to Sir Tej Bahadur Sapru's cable is not particularly encouraging. He makes capital of the fact that on two of the points raised in the cable, namely, the representation of India on the War Cabinet and other Empire bodies, an invitation has already been issued "to the Government of India to be represented, if it so desires, in the formulation of policy in the War Cabinet in London and on the Pacific War Council." But this is no concession to the people of India unless the Government of India to be represented in these bodies is thoroughly national. The present Government's representatives may not be Indians and, even if they are, they are not likely to be true representatives of the people. As for the more important demands in the cable Mr. Churchill promises to give his "considered answer before long." It is possible that some changes are being contemplated in the administration along with changes in the British Cabinet itself. But if Mr. Amery remains the Secretary of State for India, the policy he represents, too, remains in substance, and there is no hope for India from him. Even a leader like Sir Tej Bahadur Sapru feels constrained to remark on the India Secretary's office: "It stands discredited. I do not think that since 1858 when the office was created any other Secretary of State has done greater harm to India than Mr. Amery has done. He has practically destroyed our faith in the good intentions of England instead of bringing peace and harmony in the country and while professing love for the minorities—and there is no greater friend of the minorities than myself—he has done every thing he can to keep them apart. Therefore, I sincerely hope and trust that the advice given even by the Conservative paper the "Daily Mail" will be accepted by Mr. Churchill and a new spirit introduced in the India Office." Our London Correspondent reports a belief in the city that "the second list of Cabinet changes, which is expected in the week-end, may possibly find Mr Amery's departure from the India Office." It would be a heartily welcome riddance.

No Window Dressing

However, what matters most is administrative and constitutional reform in India. Our London Correspondent conveys the local report that the Cabinet has agreed, among other things: (1) to convert present Central Executive into a truly National Government, (2) to restore popular Governments in the Provinces and (3) to recognise India's right to representation in the Imperial War Cabinet and other Allied War Councils on the same footing as the Dominions. The question of the permanent constitution, it is understood, would be taken up after the war. Much depends upon what is meant by Britain by "a truly National Government." A mere change from a white to brown bureaucrats will hardly enthuse the people. More over, it is ominous there is no mention here of a Declaration pledging Britain to grant complete self-government to India within a fixed period after the war. Probably the British Government have been encouraged to drop it as Sir Tej Bahadur Sapru and other who sent a cable to Mr. Churchil dropped it. There is no knowing what further compromises these moderates may accept. At the Non-Party Conference at Delhi Sir Maharaj Singh suggested Executive Councils in the Provinces in place of the present Advisers on the plea that "we felt it was better than nothing." Are they sure there is no lower rung down the ladder stepping up to which may be better than creeping on the ground? It will be well for Indian and British moderates to realise that administrative window dressing cannot enthuse the people and retrieve the present situation. A true settlement with the people is impossible unless, as Marshal Chiang-Kai-Shek himself reminds Britain, she "gives them real political power."

Plight Of Cotton Growers

The decision taken by the Commerce Department of the Government of India as a result of the conference between representatives of the Indian Central Cotton Committee and the East India Cotton Association indicates utter ignorance of the urgent need of Indian cotton growers. At the conference there were no representatives of cotton growers. The discussion centred round "the unwanted short staple cotton" grown in this country. The fact remains that, owing to the loss of export markets, Indian cotton growers have suffered considerably and what is wanted is a fair price for their cotton. The provisional purchase prices fixed for cotton are Rs. 125/- a candy for Bengals, Rs. 140/- for Oomras and Rs. 170/- for Broach. These are the prices at which no Indian cotton grower will be able to earn his bread after paying labour charges, land revenue, ginning, pressing, transport and other costs. These charges will amount to over 30 per cent of the prices fixed and one can safely say that the proposed measure is a mockery. The Government are well aware that Indian cotton growers are denied the right to get even a fair price for their produce. Further, other agricultural products, wheat, linseed and rice, are selling at considerably higher prices. Even cloth prices are higher. Why then this low price for Indian cotton which is a cash crop and plays an important part in the economic activity of the country? The Government lay stress on a change over from short staple to foodstuffs but how far this is practicable is the main issue. The first consideration is whether the land now under cultivation of short staple is suitable for a change over and whether the climate will suit other crops. These are vital problems. The Commerce Member ought to know that the loss of export outlets is the main factor which has depressed cotton prices to distress levels and it remains to be seen whether he is prepared to take over surplus stocks from the markets with a view to enable cotton to attain a reasonable price. There is no overproduction of raw cotton in this country and the growing of short staple cotton is not a new problem. What is urgently wanted is attaining a fair parity price for Indian cotton. Unless this is done the whole problem will remain unsolved and the ruinous price of raw cotton will be a great blow to the economic structure of the country. The imperative needs at the moment are a ban on short sales, complete stoppage of weekly and monthly option dealings and fixing fair prices based on ruling cloth quotations.

Frankly Speaking

Battle For Bali

As an Agency correspondent at Batavia pointed out the other day, the Japanese are preparing a four-prong drive—from South Sumatra, Borneo, Celebes and Bali—against Java, the last remaining stronghold of the Allies in South-West Pacific. Overwhelming superiority on land, sea and in the air has won them remarkable successes. But they have also paid heavily for them. They suffered very considerable losses in the beginning of their campaign when more than one-third of their armada was destroyed or put out of action in the Straits of Macassar. But they realised the stakes and persistently pushed on despite losses in ships, aircraft and men in Borneo, Celebes and Sumatra. They have now landed in Bali. The Allies are making them pay heavily here also. And the air and naval battle that is still in progress promises to be as remarkable as that of the Straits of Macassar. The Allied successes against superior odds leave no doubt that they will exact a price for further Japanese achievements. But they also prove that the tragedy might have been avoided with more reinforcements.

"Tirpitz" In North Sea?

Commenting on the escape of German warships from Brest to their home ports, we suggested that the immediate danger which the bold move represented was a serious threat by Nazi battleships to the American supply routes to Britain and Russia in north Atlantic. Here is a report now from Stockholm that the "von Tirpitz", the "Admiral Scheer" and the "Admiral Hipper" are steaming up the North Sea along the coast of Norway, charged with the duty of cutting the supply route to Russia. This report at least emphasises an imminent probability. If Herr Hitler is preparing desperately to launch a decisive offensive against Russia in the spring, as he undoubtedly is preparing, nothing is more certain than that he should attempt to weaken Russia's preparations by trying to cut her off from Britain and America. This attempt he must make now. But British naval and air resources, coupled with assistance from Russian submarines, ought to be able to resist it successfully.

U. S. And U-Boat Menace

The Germans, as their Fuhrer announced, are concentrating their submarine activity along the eastern coast of the U. S. A. and in the Carribean Sea with a vengeance. Their U-boats, it must be recognised frankly, are working havoc, particularly among precious oil tankers more than a dozen of which have already been lost. This is a serious menace, and unless the American Navy quickly learns the methods of dealing with it effectively a serious oil crisis may arise before long. The U-boats, moreover, cannot operate so far from Europe unless they possess secret bases in the western Hamesphere or are being fed and refuelled by "mother ships" in the Atlantic. The U. S. A. has enough resources, political, naval and aerial, to discover and destroy them.

China's Great Services

When the Generalissimo returns to his capital, his colleagues will greet him with the proud satisfaction that, during his absence, they kept the flag of China's gallant resistance flying high. In the last few weeks Marshal Chiang-Kai-Shek's forces have fought successful actions against the Japanese and not just defensively. They launched several local counter-offensives with satisfactory results in almost all cases. In certain sectors, for instance, in the Canton area, they have scored some brilliant victories. Nor is it in China alone that his forces were rendering important service to the Allied cause, while the leader was conferring with British representatives in India. Chinese troops are in Burma. They have taken their battle stations alongside British and Indian troops and are giving a good account of themselves. Marshal Chiang-Kai-Shek and his people have given, and are giving, a great deal to the Allied cause. Let us hope they get something in return, too.

Gandhiji On The War Risks

Referring to precautions against war risks in cities Gandhiji writes in "Harijan": "One of the best precautions consists in those people who are not wanted in the cities or those who want to shun danger, migrating to the villages in an orderly manner. There should be no panicky rush." Timely voluntary migration in an orderly manner becomes easy if Government afford sufficient facilities for transport by railway or bus. On the other hand, transport shortage creates rush and encourages panic. Regarding those people who choose to remain in the cities, Gandhiji rightly suggests that they "should carry out instructions that may be issued by the authorities from time to time" and that "those who will not, for any reason, whatsoever, should clear out in good time". It is obvious that private institutions can do much relief work without coming in conflict with the authorities.

Non-Violence

"Marvellous Results Of My 50 Years' Experiments"

WEAPON OF SATYAGRAHA, A COMPLETE SUBSTITUTE OF VIOLENCE, SAYS GANDHIJI

BOMBAY, Feb. 22.

Answering a question, "Why can't you see that whilst there is possession, it must be defended against all odds? Therefore your insistence that violence should be eschewed in all circumstances is utterly unworkable and absurd. I think non-violence is possible only for select individuals". Mahatma Gandhi writes in to-day's "Harijan" under the caption 'the eternal problem'.

POSSIBILITIES OF NON-VIOLENCE

"This question has been answered often enough in some form or other in these columns as also in those of "Young India". But it is an evergreen. I must answer it as often as it is put, especially when it comes from an earnest seeker as this one does. I claim that even now, though the social structure is not based on a conscious acceptance of non-violence, all the world over, mankind lives and men retain their possessions on the sufferance of one another. If they had not done so, only the fewest and the most ferocious would have survived. But such is not the case. Families are bound together by ties of love, and so are groups in the so-called civilised society called nations. Only they do not recognise the supremacy of the Law of Non-Violence. It follows, therefore, that they have not investigated its vast possibilities.

ONLY FOR THE FEW

Hitherto out of sheer inertia, shall I say, we have taken it for granted that complete non-violence is possible only for the few who take the vow of non-possession and the Allied abstinences. Whilst it is true that the votaries alone can carry on research work and declare from time to time the new possibilities of the great eternal law governing man, if it is the law, it must hold good for all.

The many failures we see are not of the law but of the followers, many of whom do not even know that they are under that Law willy-nilly. When a mother dies for her child, she unknowingly obeys the Law. I have been pleading for the past 50 years for a conscious acceptance of the Law and its zealous practice even in the face of failures. 50 years' work has shown marvellous results and strengthened my faith. I do claim that by constant practice, we shall come to a state of things when lawful possession will command universal and voluntary respect. No doubt, such possession will not be tainted. It will not be an insolent demonstration of the inequalities that surround us everywhere. Nor need the problem of unjust and unlawful possessions appeal the votary of non-violent weapon of Satyagraha and non-co-operation which hitherto has been found to be a complete substitute of violence whenever it has been applied honestly in sufficient measure.

FASCINATING SEARCH

I have never claimed to present the complete science of non-violence. It does not lend itself to such treatment. So far as I know, no single physical science does, not even the very precise science of Mathematics. I am but a seeker, and I have fellow seekers like the questioner whom I invite to accompany me in the very difficult but equally fascinating search.

"A BLESSING IN DISGUISE"

"Never before have I felt so forlorn except when Maganlal was snatched from me 14 years ago." says Mahatma Gandhi in an article on the death of Seth Jamnalal Bajaj entitled 'Fiery Ordeal' in today's 'Harijan'. He writes."

"Twenty-two years ago, a young man with the bloom of 30 springs upon him, came to me and said "I want to ask something of you."

"Ask, and it shall be given, if it is at all within my power to give". I replied with some surprise.

"Regard me as your son Devadas", the young man said.

"Agreed", I reply. "Only I am giving nothing, you are the giver."

HIS ADOPTED SON

The young man was no other than Jamnalal Bajaj. People know something of what this sacrament meant. But few know the extent of the part played by the self adopted son. Never before, I can say, was a mortal blessed with a 'son' like him. Of course, I have many sons and daughters in the sense that they have done some of my work. But Jamnalalji surrendered himself and his without reservation. There is hardly any activity of mine in which I did not receive his full-hearted co-operation and in which it did not prove to be of the greatest value. He was gifted with a quick intelligence. He was a merchant prince. He placed at my disposal his ample possessions. He became guardian of my time and my health. And he did it all for the public good.

BLESSING IN DISGUISE

The day he died, he and Jankidevi were to come to me. But he died almost at the very hour he should have been with me. Never before have I felt so forlorn except when Maganlal was snatched from me 14 years ago. But I had no doubt then, as I have none now, that a calamity of that kind is a blessing in disguise. God wants to try me through and through. I live in the faith that he will give me the strength too to pass through the ordeal."—A. P.

Jayakar Quotes Mahabharata For War Effort

(Continued from page 1)

people in India wanted to resist aggression but there was nobody to encourage them or inspire them. And he declared that the I. C. S., was not capable of providing any inspiration.

JAYAKAR DEMANDS TRANSFER OF POWER

The main resolution was moved by Mr. M. R. Jayakar. It expressed "profound dissatisfaction" that "all real power in the Central Government is still concentrated in British hands in as much as the key portfolios of Defence, Finance, Home and Communications continue to be withheld from Indians." The resolution called for an abandonment at this critical stage of the existing policy of the British Government and urged the immediate adoption of the following measures by His Majesty's Government.

(1) A declaration that India shall no longer be treated as a dependency to be ruled from Whitehall and that henceforth her constitutional position and powers will be identical with those of the other self-governing units of the British Commonwealth.

(2) During the period of the war the Governor-General's Executive Council shall be reconstructed as a truly National Government functioning on the basis of joint and collective responsibility and consisting entirely of non-officials enjoying public confidence and in charge of all portfolios, subject to responsibility to the Crown, and in regard to Defence without prejudice to the position of the Commander-in-Chief as the executive head of the defence forces.

(3) The British Government should recognise the right of India to direct representation through persons chosen by the National Government in all allied war councils wherever established and at the peace conference.

(4) The National Government should be consulted in all matters precisely on the same footing and to the same extent as His Majesty's Government consult the Dominions.

Mr. Jayakar commented caustically on the circumstance that a man of the status of Mr. Aney, who for 25 years had been working alongside Lokmanya Tilak, was given charge of "Indians overseas" as if other departments could not be administered by him or by other Indians.

Referring to the Duke of Devonshire's claim that there was no impediment in India to war effort, Mr. Jayakar narrated the Mahabharata story of the different choices which Arjun and Duryodhana made when Krishna offered them the alternative of his own spiritual and moral support or the support of his armed men. Arjuna chose Krishna's own individual moral support and Duryodhana the support of his armed men, and Arjuna won. "I hope" said Mr. Jayakar, "that history will not repeat itself. The moral support of this country, if obtained, will be a greater support than the support of hired soldiers and money. What could be greater than the moral support of a country like India which for centuries has put its whole faith in non-violence?"

CHIANG'S MESSAGE

Referring to General Chiang-Kai-Shek's visit, Mr. Jayakar referred to the belief in India that to see a great man was in itself an inspiration and quoted an Englishman who had watched the General from a distance at the ceremonial parade in Delhi. That Englishman had told him, said Mr. Jayakar, that the General looked on with a sardonic smile, as he watched the few tanks that passed before him. What he thought to himself nobody would know Looking at the austere face of the Marshal mellowed by human sympathy, said the Englishman, he felt that if he was in his presence for three years, he would follow him to the ends of the earth. That, said Mr. Jayakar, was the testimony of a young Englishman.

General Chiang-Kai-Shek's own words, Mr. Jayakar proceeded, contained a note of admonition to the Indian Government, when he said that the united people of China were fighting this great fight for freedom, and millions of Chinese had risen to heights of philosophy and patriotism, courage and endurance, sacrifice and resignation.

Was the Government of India's policy likely to create any of these qualities in the Indian fighter, asked Mr. Jayakar.

For 150 years the Government had been telling the people of the country that they need not worry about the country's defences, the British Government was there to look after it. What was the position now? In a small place like Singapore, which had been declared once to be immune to all attack, they made the confession that there was no food, no water and no munitions. What guarantee did Government give to the people, asked Mr. Jayakar, that these "three no's" would not be repeated in this country? "This Government", he declared, "has proved itself absolutely incompetent to conduct the war without the co-operation of the people. We want to tell this Government, "move aside, we shall take charge of the conduct of the war, before it is too late." Mr. Jayakar went on to recall that Lord Bryce after seeing India under official leading strings said while leaving the country that he "smelt of gun powder everywhere."

ADMONITION TO BRITAIN

A similar admonition was contained in General Chiang-Kai-Shek's farewell message, in which he said he hoped that the British Government without waiting for demands from the Indian people would forthwith grant them real power. The General must have seen, commented Mr. Jayakar, what had been given was only the semblance of power. The General wanted this real power to be given in order that Indians might develop their spiritual and temporal resources more and more. The General also declared that there was no possibility of world peace unless freedom was given to China and India. That again was an admonition and a warning to the British Government. "I do not know", said Mr. Jayakar, "whether the stories of niggardly treatment given to the General are true. But it is certain that India did not give him the reception which a free India would have given."—A. P.

Mr. Jayakar's resolution was passed at the non-party conference this evening after it had been supported by speakers including Sir B. P. Singhroy, Sir Jogendra Singh, Pandit Kunzru, Mr. Jamnadas Mehta and Dr. Moonje.

SAPRU'S CONCLUDING APPEAL

Sir Tej Bahadur Sapru in his concluding remarks made the following observations:—We have been reminded time out of time as if it is the bible of Indian politics and it will be heresy to depart from it—the August Declaration of 1940. Whom has Mr. Amery pleased by this declaration? The Congress? The answer is no. The Muslim League? The answer is no; The Hindu Mahasabha? The answer is again no So Mr. Amery is bereft of all moral support of India. If we have declined to accept the August Declaration, it was for very good reasons.

Technical objections are one thing and statesmanship is another thing. If amendments of the constitution are required to bring about necessary adjustments why not do it? It is stated that the August Declaration anticipated the wisdom of the Atlantic Charter. When we ask if the charter applied to India, the reply is no. Surely the English people ought to be able to say a simple thing in plain English language. I want England to make up her mind at once that India is no more to remain as a dependency. It does not involve a radical change of the constitution. Filling up of gaps is all that is required. Did Mr. Churchill require change of constitution for signing the Atlantic Charter. We want this declaration at once. This needs no change of constitution. We do not want to be handed over as bales of goods to others. We want to defend ourselves: hence our demand.

In substance, our demand is sound, just and honourable. I am not interested in the controversial question as to which party's views should prevail as regards the exact form of the constitution. Already communalism has played havoc with us. I do not think it can be exorcised until England declares India a self-governing country. I, therefore, think it is the essence of the situation that Mr. Churchill should make up his mind at an early date. If Mr. Churchill should fail, then woe betide India and England. Mr. Churchill alone can answer clearly, bravely and courageously the call of statesmanship. The situation is fraught with great danger. It will be wrong on my part to ask for definite details of the Government's strategy and details of the steps they are taking but we don't want the fate which overtook Malaya to overtake India the situation is serious. I pay a tribute to Mr. Arthur Moore for the bold stand he has taken up.

DEFENCE UNDER POPULAR CONTROL

I wish there were half a dozen Moores and half a dozen less of persons who shall be unnamed, I endorse Mr. Moore's suggestions to broaden the basis of the Indian army. I don't share the complacency of certain Governors on the efficiency of A.R.P. organisations and Civic Guards. I want these organisations to be brought more and more under non-official control. I feel strongly, because the very life of our children and women is involved. We are very vividly conscious of the dangers, and we, therefore, ask that all organisations for the defence of the country must be brought under popular control.

I earnestly appeal to all leaders of big national parties. This is not the occasion when any one can stand on personal prestige. Time has come when they should meet together and stand up against the foul enemy and prevent him from soiling sacred India. If they come to working arrangement among themselves, they will have earned the lasting gratitude of the country. It serves no useful purpose to trace the history of communal questions. We must rigorously suppress communal feeling and work for India as a whole. Let all realise they are equally children of India. Let them save the country. In this calamity we shall have to stand or sink together. The occasion demands we must cease to think in terms of communalism. I pray my appeal will not go in vain. It would do you no dishonour if you bend before your countrymen. You have been bending before others. For once learn to bend before your countrymen. When we shall have passed the ordeal of fire, we shall then be able to solve our differences.—A. P.

TÊTE-A-TÊTE

WITHOUT COMMENT—

RANGOON, Feb. 21.

"Rangoon may become another Malta, or it may become another Tobruk", said the Governor of Burma, Sir Reginald Dorman-Smith this afternoon in an interview. "Whatever may happen in the immediate future, I do not propose to leave the city." He added that everything would be done to defend Rangoon, and that it was the intention not to spare any effort to keep the vital China highway open. "This", the Governor concluded, "We have promised our Chinese Allies to do, and this we must do."

—A. P. I.

* * *

Sir Tej Bahadur Sapru has strongly condemned Sir Reginald Maxwell's recent patriotic pronouncement in the Central Assembly.

Quite frankly, Doctor Sapru is making a fundamental mistake. He seems to assume that India is his country whereas clearly, the country belongs to Sir Reginald.

* * *

We notice, in fact, that Doctor Sapru emphasises this mistake defiantly and has the temerity actually to deny Sir Reginald's—or—territorial rights.

All we can say is that we hope that he is not interned under the Defence of India Rules as a Fifth Columnist.

* * *

Talking of the Defence of India Rules, has Sir Reginald Maxwell read Generalissimo Chiang-Kai-Shek's open advice to Britain which is worse than defeatist because it assumes the justice of Indian "defeatism".

We do hope he hasn't, for we don't want India's honoured guests to be Maxwelled under the Defence of India Rules.

* * *

But the Generalissimo and Doctor Sapru are not the only headaches for Sir Reginald.

The moderate Leader challenges India's defender to do something about Sir Stafford Cripps, too.

We don't know what he would. But our own suggestion is that he should, to begin with, ban all mention of Sir Stafford's name in print as also his picture.

* * *

But, asks the junior colleague, how did the Generalissimo find himself in a position to issue his statement on the eve of his departure instead of on his return to Chungking?

The answer for the present is in the evasive.

* * *

Leaders of 850 million people meet in Delhi.

—Letterpress in "Illustrated Weekly of India".

One of the two prominent personalities in the picture is, of course, the Generalissimo.

But, since you are an Indian you will not be able to answer even if you are given two guesses about the other.

He is—Lord Linlithgow.

* * *

The Working Committee of the Muslim League has passed a resolution on the war danger to India.

We knew it would. Congress leaders gave the necessary lead some time ago.

* * *

A British built destroyer has been handed over to Turkish naval authorities at Alexandria.

Italian and German submarines still have time to do something about it.

* * *

"Tommy, come up here and give me what you've got in your mouth," said the teacher, sternly.

"I wish I could—it's the tooth-ache", replied Tommy.

SALUTE TO RED ARMY

LONDON, Feb. 22.

The free world saluted the Red army at a special ceremony in London to-day (Sunday). The 24th anniversary of the foundation of the Red Army was celebrated at a huge public meeting. Among the speakers was General Sir Hubert Gough who said: "There will be no great spring offensive by the Germans—it will be a Russian spring offensive. I may be an optimist, but I believe that the Russian army is going to carry its attack through to the bitter end".

Rear-Admiral Kharlamov, head of the Soviet Military and Naval Commission, replying to the greetings and speeches said that the Red army would fight on until the enemy was completely and utterly crushed, and the victory would be decisive.—Reuter.

JINNAH UPSET AT CHIANG'S STATEMENT

"Indulged In Generalities Without Understanding Political Situation"

Fear Of 'Gravest Disaster' At Substitution Of 'Hindu Rule In Place Of Br. Raj'!

NEW DELHI, Feb. 22.

Mr. M. A. Jinnah, President of the All-India Muslim League, in a statement to the "Associated Press", says:—

"I had the honour of meeting Marshal Chiang-Kai-Shek. He frankly told me that he knew nothing of political problems of India, much less the constitutional problems. In his message he, however, has advised the British Government to give real political power and freedom to India. Muslim India is not lagging behind any other community in its desire for freedom of all the peoples of India. But India is composed of a constellation of nations, and it is not one national State,—its two major nations being Hindus and Mussalmans. Apart from that, one-third of India is under the Indian Princes, who are outside British India and are Sovereign States in relation to the Paramount Power of Great Britain.

THE PITY OF IT!

It is, therefore, unfortunate that the Marshal should have indulged in generalities without understanding the political situation in India and the constitutional adjustments which are necessary. I am afraid he is saturated with the ideas of those who surrounded him most while he was in India, and it is a pity that he should have without careful study expressed his views which may be exploited to the detriment of Muslim India.

"While the Muslim India yields to none in its desire to achieve freedom for all the peoples of India, it cannot accept the machinations of those who speak in the name of freedom for Hindu India only, and not for the Mussalmans. We want our Hindu brethren to be free, but at the same time we do not want to be ruled by them. We also want to be free.

FEAR OF 'GRAVEST DISASTER'

"There is no difference on the point with regard to freedom of the peoples of India, but we desire that both the Hindu and Muslim nations should be free equally in their respective homelands and zones. Any other attempt at this juncture on the part of the British Government, which will militate directly or indirectly against the Pakistan Demand of Muslim India, will lead to the gravest disaster in India at this critical moment. I, therefore, hope and trust that the British Government and the British public will not be carried away by the generalities in which Marshal Chiang-Kai-Shek has indulged after his visit to India for a fortnight".—A. P.

Sapru Conference Proposals Unacceptable

NEW DELHI, Feb. 22.

The Working Committee of the All-India Muslim League has passed the following resolution:—

"The Working Committee have carefully considered the proposals formulated by the so-called Non-Party Conference presided over by Sir Tej Bahadur Sapru and are definitely of the opinion that if the British Government are misled into accepting them, Muslim India will without doubt revolt against any such decision, for these proposals clearly mean the virtual transfer of all power and authority to the Central Government to be set up as indicated in these proposals on the basis of India being a single national unit, and enjoying Dominion Status in action, thereby establishing Congress or Hindu Raj for all practical purposes. Muslim India will never accept such a position which is sought to be secured by Hindu leaders, who are virtually hand-in-glove with the Congress and other allied Hindu organisations in the country, under the guise of interim changes during the period of the war, but in reality the object behind is to coerce the British Government at this critical moment to surrender and compel them to prejudge and torpedo the Pakistan demand of Muslim India. This will be a clear breach of pledges given by His Majesty's Government and recently reaffirmed by the Secretary of State for India, Mr. Amery, in his speech at Leeds on February 4, in the following words: "We shall stand by our pledges, both by our general pledges as to India's future freedom, and also by our pledge to the different main elements in India's national life that they shall not be coerced under a system of Government which they are not prepared to accept", the Working Committee deplore the method adopted by the Non-Party Conference and its President, Sir Tej Bahadur Sapru, in levelling an attack against Mr. Amery who, as spokesman of His Majesty's Government has refused to resile from the solemn pledges given to Mussalmans. The Working Committee trust that the British Government inspite of the present difficult war situation will not submit to coercive methods adopted by Hindu India and will remain true to their pledges."—A. P.

Muslim League Working Committee's Resolution

NEW DELHI, Feb. 21.

A meeting of the Working Committee of the All-India Muslim League was held here to-day, Mr. M. A. Jinnah presiding. Fifteen out of 23 members attended the meeting which adopted two resolutions. By one resolution the Working Committee drew attention of the Mussalmans of India in general and Provincial and other League branches thoughout the country in particular "to the growing danger of war to India and the sufferings which people may have to go through under such conditions. It calls upon them to be vigilant and ready to face any dangers if and when they come with equanimity, courage and fortitude. The Working Committee has full confidence that in the event of grave developments or emergency the Mussalmans will stand united and extend all assistance to the suffering and helpless. The Working Committee further calls upon the Provincial Leagues to strengthen the Muslim National Guard organisation so that it may be able to render effective assistance in maintaining peace, tranquillity and order in the country and help the suffering humanity."

By another resolution the Working Committee expressed its deep sympathy with the sufferings of the Mussalmans and other Indians in Malaya, Singapore and other places in the Far East and called upon the Mussalmans all over India to do all they could to give relief to evacuees and to those who were at present stranded in the various parts of India. The Committee further requested the British Government to help them in every possible way.

These resolutions will come up for confirmation by the Council of the League, which meets here to morrow.—A. P.

League Never Wanted To Non-Co-operate

NEW DELHI, Feb. 22.

The Punjab Traders' Strike was referred to at the meeting of the Council of All India Muslim League which held half a day session today. Mr. M. A. Jinnah presided.

At the outset Maulana Zafarali sought the permission of the chair to move the adjournment.

The chair ruled out the motion. Mr. Jinnah said that the Maulana had sufficient time to give notice of a regular resolution on the subject or in the alternative, bring the matter to the notice of the Working Committee.

JINNAH RE-ELECTED

The Council re-elected Mr. Mohammed Ali Jinnah as the President of the League for the year.

The Council confirmed resolutions, passed by the Working Committee of the League at its meetings held on November 16, December 26 and 27 and February 21. There was some discussion in regard to the resolution relating to emergency work if war were to spread to India. Sir Yaminkhan wanted the League to give a lead whether the Mussalmans should co-operate with other organisations in the Civil Defence work.

NEVER NON-CO-OPERATE

Mr. Jinnah said that the League had never declared that it would non-co-operate with any organisation. The resolution had left the matter to the discretion of the Provincial Leagues.

Maulana Zafarali said that the Congress had already started work in connection with Civil Defence and the League should do likewise. He urged that the Provincial Governments should be asked not to interfere with the Muslim National Guard organisations.

Mr. Jinnah:—It is for the leaders of the Provincial Muslim Leagues to make preparations to face all dangers, which are now at our door.

Lastly, the Council, while appreciating the action of the Government of India in releasing Allama Mashrequi resented the ban placed upon his movements outside Madras and urged upon the Government for the immediate removal of those restrictions.

The Council rejected a resolution, appreciating "the exemplary sense of discipline" shown by Sir Sikandar Hayatkhan and Sir Saadullah Khan in resigning from the National Defence Council. During discussion, Mr. Jinnah made a statement. Mr. Jinnah said that under the existing constitution, which was an ex-Parte constitution, as far as the League was concerned, the League, in the nature of things could not form a Ministry and it was wrong to say that there was a League Ministry in any province, or the League was not representative of the Mussalmans, because it could not form a Ministry in any Province.

The resolution was rejected by an overwhelming majority.

BASIC TEXT-BOOKS

A resolution relating to the references of the Holy Prophet and other Muslim saints in the Basic school text-books evoked some discussion.

The Council was adjourned 'sine die.'—A. P.

INDIA HAS ENOUGH FIGHTER PLANES!

Public Need Not Get Panicky, Says Gen. Molesworth

NEW DELHI, Feb. 21.

In the course of a broadcast on "The war situation" Major General G. N. Molesworth, Deputy Chief of the general staff said:—

"We know that Japanese warships are operating in the Bay of Bengal and the Indian ocean, and we must expect that these activities will be increased. Such activities may affect both our East and West coasts. These activities may include sporadic bombardments of coast towns coupled with attacks by aircraft carried by surface raiders. The possibility of minor raids and landing on our coasts cannot be excluded. If the threat to Burma develops further, we may have air attacks on North Eastern India from land based aircraft.

There are many people in India, especially in the larger cities who feel that because they do not see fighter aircraft daily flying overhead, that no fighter protection has been arranged for their homes. This is a natural, though wrong, idea. Fighter planes are based a strategic points, and if danger threatens then they will be there to tackle and destroy the enemy.

Passive air defence plans have been prepared for some considerable time in readiness for such an emergency as has occurred. These plans are now being put into execution in certain parts of India which are threatened or may be threatened. They are being closely co-ordinated with the civil authorities."—A. P.

IS THIS ALSO TOMMIES' "HORSE-PLAY"?

A young Anglo-Indian girl was going to the St. Thomas Church at Church Gate Street, on Sunday evening when a group of tommies stopped her and one of them was heard to say "let's pick up this—".

A little later several batches of tommies were seen hovering about the entrances of some restaurants in the same street. The doors of at least three restaurants had to be shut on account of the misbehaviour of the soldiers.

Some highly intoxicated tommies pulled up running victorias as they passed along the street and led the horse to the accompaniment of improvised music.

While walking along Hornby Road at ten o'clock in the night a bottle flung from a passing victoria by a batch of some of these drunken soldiers nearly missed hitting a pressman, and it was smashed to smithereens on the road. If it was not for the late hour when pedestrians were scarce, this sort of a prank would have cracked a cranium or two!

Chiangs Thank B. P. C. C. Chief

(Issued from Congress House)

The Secretary to His Excellency Generalissimo Chiang-Kai-Shek has sent the following telegram to Shri Bhulabhai J. Desai, President of the B.P.C.C.:

New Delhi.

"Generalissimo and Madame Chiang-Kai-Shek direct me to thank you for your greetings and to say that they reciprocate the sentiments you have expressed. Owing to lack of time they greatly regret they are unable to accept your kind invitation to visit your City."

"CHINA DAY" BROADCAST

CALCUTTA, Feb. 22.

Programmes of outstanding interest have been scheduled for broadcast from the Calcutta centre of All India Radio on "China Day", March 2. "Tribute to China", the main feature for the day will include a message from Pt. Jawaharlal Nehru, recorded during his recent visit to Calcutta. Listeners will also hear a brief recorded talk by Mr. Taofan Chang, member of the Executive Committee of the Kuomintang and Vice-Chancellor of the Central Political Institute of China.—A. P.

CHIANGS ON A.I.R.

CALCUTTA, Feb. 22.

An electrical recording of the broadcasts given yesterday Saturday from Calcutta by H. E. Generalissimo Chiang-Kai-Shek and Madame Chiang will be broadcast from the Calcutta centre of All-India Radio tomorrow (Monday), at 7 p.m. (I.S.T.), (8 p.m. Bengal Time). The programme will be radiated on 370.4 and 41.98 metres.—A. P.

ALLIED BASES ON IRISH COAST

Latest Gallup Poll Result

NEW YORK, February 21.

According to the latest gallop poll, 90 per cent of Americans would like Eire to allow the Allies bases on the Irish coast.

In reply to the question: "Would you like to see the Irish Free State let Allies use war bases along the Irish coast,' 90 per cent of all voters said 'yes', 5 per cent said 'no' and five per cent were undecided.

Among Irish-American voters only, the percentage was 'yes' 72, 'no' 21 and 'undecided 7.

Replying to the question 'Should the Irish Free State join the Allies in declaring war against Germany' 71 per cent of all voters said 'yes' 16 per cent 'no', and 13 per cent were 'undecided'.

Among the Irish-American voters only, the percentage was 'yes', 56 per cent, 'no' 32 per cent, and undecided 12 per cent.—Reuter.

"Dunkerque" Arrives At Toulon

VICHY, Feb. 21.

The Vichy battleship "Dunkerque" (26,500 tons) which was seriously damaged in the British navy bombardment of Vichy warships at Mers El Kebir in Oran in July 1940 has arrived at Toulon under her own power. This was reported at a meeting of the Vichy Cabinet to-day says the Vichy News Agency.—Reuter.

"Full Powers" To U. S. War Secretary

WASHINGTON, Feb. 21.

President Roosevelt has issued an executive order giving Mr. Stimson, the War Secretary, and his military commanders full powers to take certain areas and exclude unauthorised persons from those areas.—Reuter.

Jawahar For Lucknow

CALCUTTA, February 21.

Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru left tonight for Lucknow.—A. P.

Pir Pagaro Episode Echo

KARACHI, Feb. 21.

Shams-ul-Din, a school teacher, has been detained by the police in Mian-jo-Goth, near Sanghar, on the suspicion of alleged complicity with Hurs, followers of Pir Pagaro, who have begun their lawless activity since the internment of their spiritual head. Twelve other persons belonging to Sinjhoro have been similarly detained.—United Press.

A FEAST OF PUNJABI POETRY.

"Ishaq Lahar", the well-known Punjabi poet, has agreed to recite his selected poems and pieces from his Heer in the Khalsa College, Matunga, Chemistry Room at 9 p.m. to-day (Monday). All interested persons are cordially invited to make the function a success. Pandit Sudarshan will preside.

Two hundred and twenty-five radio pirates were found operating in the United Provinces during the first fortnight of this month.

"Hindi, Urdu & Hindustani, All One & Same Language"

SHRI BHAVE SAYS CONTROVERSY ABOUT THIS SUBJECT IS "ARTIFICIAL"

"The message of Hindustani is a message of communal peace and harmony".

Thus observed Acharya Shri Vinoba Bhave, in the course of his Hindi Convocation address to the Bombay students, who passed their "Kavid" examination of the Rashtra Bhasha Prachar Samiti of Wardha at the Blavatsky Lodge, on Sunday evening. Mr. B. G. Kher presided.

After the welcome song the messages from Mahatma Gandhi, Kaka Kalelkar and others praising the efforts of the Rashtra Prachar Samiti were read. The annual report was read by Mr. Noshir Dastur. Thereafter the Kavid degree certificates and prizes were distributed by Shri Bhave to those who had passed the examination.

In course of his address, Shri Bhave stated that there being nearly 40 crores of inhabitants in India it was necessary to evolve a common language. Since time immemorial India had been regarded by all as a compact unit. The wars in India were always looked upon as civil wars, whereas those in Europe as wars between different countries. This also, according to the speaker, showed the indivisible unity of India.

ORIGIN OF HINDUSTANI

Pointing out the origin of Hindustani, the speaker said that since long that language had begun to be developed by Muslim saints and Hindu Sanyasis who toured the whole country in propagation of their mission. They used Hindi as the national language, and people who came in touch with them used the same language. Thus it became a fashion for provincial writers and poets to use Hindi or Hindustani words in their composition. Among these were a large number of Persian words as well as Sanskrit words. Thus Hindustani was nothing but a mixture of different languages, particularly Hindi and Urdu.

Continuing, the speaker said that it was a fact and not merely a matter of opinion that Hindi or Urdu or Hindustani were all one and the same language. This was proved from the construction of sentences and the use of verbs and prepositions in the two languages, namely, Hindi and Urdu. The mere use, in a greater or less degree, of Persian or Sanskrit words made no difference to the essence of the language. Thus the whole controversy regarding the Hindustani was artificial.

NAGRI & ARABIC SCRIPTS

Further, Shri Bhave pointed out that in order to evolve a common language it was necessary to know both the Nagri and the Arabic scripts. These scripts were, as it were, the two eyes of India. He who wanted to be blind needed to know neither, but he who knew both could be called a normal two-eyed Indian.

Rohinton Baria Trophy

BOMBAY UNIVERSITY'S HUGE SCORE

Knock Up 593 As Against Punjab's 130 For 9

Thanks to a splendid double century by H. R. Adhikari that the Bombay University were able to collect a huge total of 593 before the close of their first innings on the second day of their match against Punjab which began on Saturday morning at the Brabourne Stadium. This is the final round of the Inter-University Cricket Tournament for the Rohinton Baria Trophy.

In the Punjab innings that followed C. T. Sarwate with his splendid bowling performance gave a crushing blow to the visitors who were skittled out, all except one, for a paltry total of 130.

Scores:—

BOMBAY UNIVERSITY (1st Innngs) R. V. Bhajekar c. Balindushah b. Nazir 58, V. M. Pandit c. Nazir b. Mohmed Salauddin 39, R. S. Mody c. and b. Daljindersing 39, M. N. Raiji run out 32, K. C. Ebrahim l.b.w. b. Hafiz 86, H. R. Adhikari st. Balindushah b. Hafiz 222, M. N. Paranjpe b. Hafiz 28, R. S. Cooper c. Balindushah b Nazir 23, C. T. Sarwate st. Balindushah b. Nazir 52, B. G. Patel l.b.w. b. Hafiz 0, U. R. Chhipa not out 1 Extras 23. Total 593.

PUNJAB UNIVERSITY (1st Innngs.) Nazir Mahmed b. Sarwate 38, Daljindersing b. Patil 2, Gnansagar l.b.w. b. Sarwate 19, Akhtarkhan b. Sarwate 5, Gulmohmed b. Sarwate 1, Anwarhusein batting 41, Mahmed Hafiz b Sarwate 0, Balindushah run out 4, M. Salauddin c. Ebrahim b. Raiji 0, Anwar Saeed b. Sarwate 15, Kwaja Nazir batting 0. Extras 5. Total (for 9 wkts.) 130.

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Jamnalalji's Legacy

SIX LAKHS MORE FOR PUBLIC

Gandhiji On How To Keep Late Bajaj's Memory Fresh

WARDHAGANJ, Feb 21.

Property worth rupees six lakhs of the late Seth Jamnalal Bajaj has been made available for public purposes, it is announced.

The Guest House and other premises in Bajajwadi, which hitherto have been used for the meetings of the Congress Working Committee and the All-India Congress Committee, will be reserved for holding such Congress meetings and functions

KEEP HIS MEMORY GREEN

"The best way of keeping Seth Jamnalal Bajaj's memory fresh is by dedicating ourselves to his activities in the spirit in which he did", said Mahatma Gandhi addressing a meeting of the late Seth Bajaj's friends who had assembled at the invitation of Mahatma Gandhi

NEW PRESIDENT

Jankidevi, wife of Seth Jamnalal Bajaj, has been elected president of the Gosewa Sangha, in place of Seth Jamnalal Bajaj. Mr. Ghanshyamdas Birla and Mr Vinoba Bhave have been elected vice-Presidents of the Sangh.—A. P.

MEETING THE EMERGENCY

Chundrigar's Appeal For 10,000 Volunteers

BOMBAY, Saturday.

Under the auspices of the Muslim League Emergency Committee, a public meeting of the Muslims of Bombay was held to-night at Kaiser Baug, Dongri, with Mr. I. I. Chundrigar in the chair. The meeting was convened to explain what should be done in case of any emergency arising out of the war.

Mr. Chundrigar spoke about the inadequate defences of India and how the Muslim League had offered to co-operate with the Government for the purposes of the war, but could not do so as Britain refused to part with any share in power.

But self-defence was daily becoming more and more urgent. Other communities, he said, had gone ahead in organising volunteer services and the Muslim could not lag behind.

He appealed for 10,000 volunteers whose work would be of many sorts; to give food to the needy, first aid, the allaying of panic and the removal of the injured to hospitals.

Mr. Mirza Hyder Baig said that the work they might be called upon to do would be not only for Muslims, but for others as well.

Mr. Mirza Akhtar uttered a warning against panic and said that according to the tenets of Islam, the work of these volunteers had to be Catholic—helping everyone who was in distress, irrespective of caste and community.

Maulvi Fazalulla and others also spoke.

BOSE'S TRANSFER QUESTION

Bengal Minister's Mission To Delhi

CALCUTTA, February 21.

Mr Promatha Nath Banerjee, Revenue Minister, Bengal, left today for Delhi on a deputation to the Government of India, on behalf of the Bengal Ministry, with regard to the question of transfer of Mr. Sarat Chandra Bose from Trichinopoly Jail.

Mr. Banerjee will take the opportunity of discussing with the Central Government also the questions of civil relief, Emigration and Immigration and of giving effect to the recommendations of the Land Revenue Commission.—A. P.

TWO FATAL CAR ACCIDENTS

One Minoo Dhanjishaw Mistri, who was driving a car, No. BMW 5073 along Gowalia Tank Road, it is reported, knocked down a girl of 8 years of age Vithalbai Ladu. She died in the J. J. Hospital on Sunday afternoon.

A young boy Dattubabu aged 5 years who was knocked down at Tardeo by a B. E. S. T. bus (No. BMT 2150) and sustained serious injuries on Saturday died at 12-40 noon on Sunday at the J. J. Hospital.

FATAL STABBING.

BOMBAY Sunday.

One Ramnivas Balaram, a mill worker residing in Devraj Gangi Jiwaraj chawl, Globe Mill lane, while returning from the water-tap on the ground floor was attacked by one Babusingh Lakshmansingh. During the skirmish that followed the latter is alleged to have whipped out a knife and stabbed Ramnivas on the neck. The victim was removed to the K. E. M. Hospital where he died soon after his admission.

ACHIEVEMENTS OF GUMASTAS

The fourth session of the Bombay Gumasta Conference was held at the Muzafarabad Hall Grant Road, Bombay on Saturday night.

In the absence of Mrs. Kamaladevi Chatopadhyaya, the president-elect who could not attain the Conference due to ill-health, Mr. Purshottam Tricumdas read her presidential address in the course of which she congratulated the Gumastas on their many achievements through the Gumasta Maha Mandal.

She said their strong and powerful Union was in itself a creditable piece of work and added that the Gumastas had justified the firm belief that where real human interests are maintained no communalism can vitiate unity

She appealed the Bombay Gumastas to join their Maha Mandal in large numbers and to make it a strong and powerful organisation.

Mr. Purshottam Tricumdas speaking referred to the exploitation of the poor workers by capitalists and appealed to the Gumastas to unite under the flag of their Maha Mandal to get their legal grievances redressed

Earlier Mr Samaldas Gandhi opened the Conference and Mr. Sangidas Hiralal Viyas, the president of the Reception Committee, delivered his address.

Mr. Samaldas criticising capitalist mentality said that the time was fast approaching when the so-called question of rich and poor would disappear and society would be reshaped on the bases of equality for all human beings.

The Conference passed a resolution of condolence on the death of Seth Jamnalal Bajaj.

Mr. G. G. Mehta Secretary of the Maha Mandal read the messages from prominent Indian Leaders, including Pt. Nehru, Sit. Rajagopalachari, Mrs. Vijayalaxmi Pandit and others wishing the Conference a success.

WORK OF P. V. B. VOLUNTEERS

At a largely attended meeting of the Peoples' Volunteer Brigade held at the Jinnah Hall, Bombay, on Sunday evening, Mr. Ashok Mehta, the G. O. C., of the P. V. B., outlined in detail the nature of the work to be done by volunteers. Mr. Nagindas T. Master, presided.

At the outset it was announced by the President that Mr. Ashok Mehta, was selected as the G. O. C. of the P. V. B. with Dr. P. S. Nair, as his Adjutant and seventeen other Assistant G. O. C.'s who would be in command of the different corps of the Brigade.

As many as 5,000 volunteers had been enrolled up-to-date from the seven wards of the city and many more applicants were forthcoming every day.

Mr Mehta explaining the various functions of the Brigade said that among the different departments of work would be signaling, communication, First Aid and rescue work, evacuation, identification, intelligence, relief centres, essential municipal services, transport and fire-fighting.

I. U. C's EFFORTS

Earlier a meeting of the representatives of the Trade Union Congress was held at the Congress House, Mr. Nagindas Master presiding, to consider the question of rendering relief during emergencies and seeking the co-operation of unions. As the meeting was convened at short notice it was decided to hold another meeting on Thursday.

SCHOOLS COMMITTEE'S PRIZE DISTRIBUTION

Under the auspices of the Bombay Municipal Schools Committee there was a Prize Distribution ceremony of the Annual Sports of the Municipal Schools on Saturday evening at Gilder Tank Building Lamington Road, when Mr. B. G. Kher presided.

After the distribution of the prizes to respective winners, the president congratulated the Schools Committee on their organisation and the interest taken in the uplift and training of the children who are to be the future citizens of the country.

Municipal Girl Scouts' Rally

The annual rally of the girl scouts of the Bombay Municipal Schools was held on Sunday afternoon at the Gilder Tank Playground, Dr. J. A. Collaco, the Mayor presiding.

Dr. Shirodkar, Chairman of the Schools Committee, welcomed the guests.

Prof. V. G. Rao, Provincial Scout Commissioner, in a short speech referred to the progress of the girl scouts' movement in Bombay Municipal Schools during the last 12 years. The Scout movement supplemented the ordinary school education, and trained children in ideas of citizenship and service. Prof. Rao complimented Mrs. Shuffi Tyebji on the work she had done for the girl scout movement in the municipal schools.

Dr. Collaco in the course of his speech said that the Boy Scout and Girl Guide movement was a world-wide movement. The very fact that more than 57 countries had adopted it showed that the movement transcended the limitations of nationality, religion or caste. He stressed the influence of the movement not only in building the body but in moulding the character of children and enlarging their horizon.

He advised them to begin by applying the Scout Law of one good deed a day in their own homes.

Mrs. Collaco distributed the prizes to the winners of the Girl Scout annual sports.

Mrs. Khadija Shuffi Tyebji proposed a vote of thanks.

The school children presented an interesting programme of dance, song, drill and demonstrations of cooking and A. R. P. work.

The Half-Column "By Dim"

I couldn't let you have Gestapo Agent P.Q.13's special findings earlier. Here they are. They tell of the joke played by "Blitz" on its readers. In what we believed was a sincere effort in the shape of a China Number, there appears a box inset regarding the great Chinaman, Dr. Lin Kai, who is alleged to have edited the "Blitz" India-China Goodwill Supplement. Inquiries made by Gestapo Agent P. Q. 13 reveal that there was no gentleman by name of Dr. Lin Kai. Therefore, the letter alleged to have been written by Dr. Lin Kai must be regarded as a cruel joke by the editor on his readers—a joke which in view of the importance of India-China goodwill must be regarded as being in the worst of journalistic taste at the present time.

* * * *

Likewise the claim that "Blitz" knowing beforehand about the visit of the Chiang-Kai-Sheks, sent a special correspondent to cover it, is (it is humbly submitted) preposterous—for the special correspondent in question travelled to Delhi (at her own expense! or did "Blitz" per chance pay even the railway fare?) for quite a different reason and if challenged by "Blitz" this reason will also be disclosed.

Listen, brother journalist, haven't you learnt your lesson—that dog doesn't eat dog? Why don't you get a journalist to write your "Bull's Eye," instead of getting it written by all and sundry. Why do you let others make you a stooge for their personal grievances?

When I write on F. A. B. commentaries and the Radio, I know what I am writing about.

* * *

Last night the All-India Radio relayed an American Commentary by Elmer Davis. It was first class. But just when Elmer Davis had something to say about Chiang-Kai-Shek's visit to India, and how he hoped something would be impressed upon the authorities in India, the needle repeated on the same line for over half a minute, then someone lifted it to another line and the same thing happened. In the end the talk was cut short by two minutes, with the result that we never heard what Elmen Davis had to say on the most important point in his talk. Could it have been an accident or was it on the suggestion of the Director of Information that the needle behaved badly? Accidents will happen—and at the right places!!

Literacy Week

The Second Literacy Week planned by the Adult Education Committee will commence from 23rd inst. The Literacy Day on which the main programme is concentrated, will be Thursday, (26th February). It is proposed to establish a close contact with the press. A meeting of the press representatives will be held for the purpose to-day (Monday) at 4-0 p.m. in the Council Hall.

The Week will commence from 23rd inst., and last till 1st March, (26th being the "Literacy Day.") The programme will be as follows:—

(i) Activities will be carried on all the days of the week. But the main programme will be for the "Literacy Day." (ii) Volunteers will collect money in boxes by visiting important centres or by donations from the public. (iii) Younger school children will collect money on one-anna unit cards which will be supplied by the Committee. (iv) Mass meetings will be held in the evening and at night of the Literacy Day at important places, especially in the backward areas and leading persons will be invited to address them. (v) In schools and colleges, the authorities will address students on the importance of literacy and the part they can play in it. (vi) Cinema shows will be arranged especially for school children and college students at convenient theatres in the mornings of some days of the Week. (vii) Button flags bearing a symbol of a flaming torch and leaflets giving the progress of literacy campaign in the city will be distributed to the students and the public.

Enquiries In Jap Occupied Territories

NEW DELHI, Feb. 21.

A press note says, enquiries so far received regarding individuals in territories occupied by the Japanese, excluding Malaya and occupied Burma, have now all been forwarded by the courtesy of the Indian Red Cross to the International Red Cross Headquarters in Geneva.

As regards Malaya and occupied Burma, no means of communication is yet open

A list of the enquiries is being maintained and will be forwarded as soon as any way of doing so is available. It will be appreciated that it may well be a long time before any replies can be received.—A. P.

LONDON, Feb. 21.

Changes are being planned for the reorganisation of the Belgian Government in certain departments.

Union Life Policies

Offer

Complete Protection

TO CIVILIAN POLICY HOLDERS

FROM

All Enemy Attacks

Full Particulars from

THE UNION LIFE ASSURANCE CO., LTD.

FORT, BOMBAY.

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A Powerful Tonic for promoting ladies health and happiness

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IN EVERY SINGLE DROP 30 TIMES MORE SUNSHINE VITAMIN D
THAN IN STANDARD COD-LIVER OIL

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If they are deficient you can never be at your best or look your best. Dull eyes, poor complexion, susceptibility to illness, and a general 'out of sorts' feeling are common signs of vitamin shortage. By far the richest source of these all-important vitamins is Crookes' Halibut Oil. Doctors know its value well and prescribe it often. A few drops only are a full dose—it cannot be fattening or indigestible—but what a difference it makes to your well-being—clear eyes, clear skin, resistance to illness, new vigour and capacity to enjoy life to the full.

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'COLLOSOL' BRAND (Regd.)

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10

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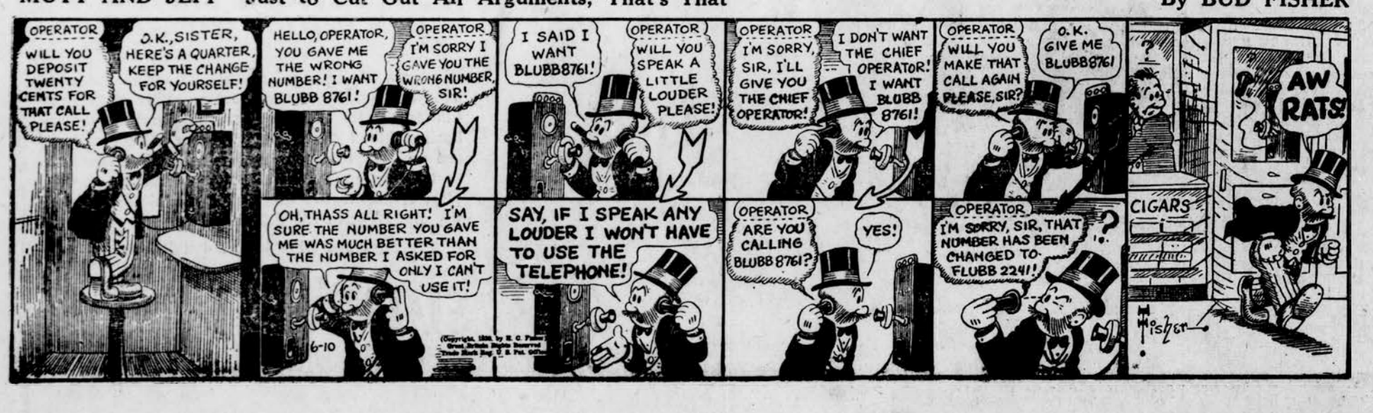
Where glasses clink and gay folk meet Parle's Monaco Salted Snacks must be of the party, too. Tasty, crisp and appetising, they are liked by all. Say Parle's if you want the best in biscuits.

DEMAND PARLE'S BISCUITS ALWAYS OVEN FRESH

MUTT AND JEFF—Just to Cut Out All Arguments, That's That — By BUD FISHER


OPERATOR
WILL YOU DEPOSIT TWENTY CENTS FOR THAT CALL PLEASE!
O.K., SISTER, HERE'S A QUARTER, KEEP THE CHANGE FOR YOURSELF!
HELLO, OPERATOR, YOU GAVE ME THE WRONG NUMBER! I WANT BLUBB 8761!
I'M SORRY I GAVE YOU THE WRONG NUMBER, SIR!
I SAID I WANT BLUBB8761!
WILL YOU SPEAK A LITTLE LOUDER PLEASE!
I'M SORRY, SIR, I'LL GIVE YOU THE CHIEF OPERATOR!
I DON'T WANT THE CHIEF OPERATOR! I WANT BLUBB 8761!
WILL YOU MAKE THAT CALL AGAIN PLEASE, SIR?
O.K. GIVE ME BLUBB8761
AW RATS!
CIGARS
OH, THASS ALL RIGHT! I'M SURE THE NUMBER YOU GAVE ME WAS MUCH BETTER THAN THE NUMBER I ASKED FOR ONLY I CAN'T USE IT!
SAY, IF I SPEAK ANY LOUDER I WON'T HAVE TO USE THE TELEPHONE!
ARE YOU CALLING BLUBB 8761?
YES!
I'M SORRY, SIR, THAT NUMBER HAS BEEN CHANGED TO FLUBB 2241!
6-10
Fisher

POSITION OF SCHEDULED BANKS

Statement of the position of scheduled banks as at the close of business on the 13th February :—

1. Demand Liabilities in India	218,44,60,000
2. Time Liabilities in India	103,81,72,000
3. Cash in India :—	
(i) Currency Notes of the Government of India and Bank Notes	8,84,51,000
(ii) Rupee Coin	99,41,000
(iii) Subsidiary Coin	37,66,000
4. Balances with Reserve Bank	39,62,06,000
5. Advances in India	114,76,53,000
6. Bills discounted in India	4,53,61,000

Comparative statement of the position of scheduled banks.

(in thousand Rupees)

	13-2-1942	6-2-1942	14-2-1941	1-9-1939
1. Demand Liabilities in India	218,44,60	220 24,91	168,97,13	134,36,49
2. Time Liabilities in India	103,81,72	104,32,94	100,15,22	102,24,34
3. Cash in India	10,21,58	9,76,21	8,34,04	6,69 92
4. Balances with Reserve Bank	39,62,06	40,42,34	43,94,36	25,27,75
5. Advances in India	114,76,53	115,39,21	107,32,38	101,52,16
6. Bills discounted in India	4,53,61	4,84,56	4,45,77	3,57,29

TEJI MANDI PREMIUMS

Bombay : February 20.

Wheat May	0 5 6
Linseed May	0 8 6
Groundnut May	3 12 0
Castorseed May	3 8 0
Cottonseed May	1 12 0
Silver 1st settlement	2 8 0
Gold 1st settlement	1 8 0

SHIPPING NEWS

IMPORTS

Bombay : Feb. 21.

65783 pcs and bdls teak wood, 55890 pcs and bdls eng wood, 383 bars pig lead, 85 bls D/s buffalo hides, 4650 bags copra, 90 bls sheet rubber, 30 bls crepe rubber, 34388 bags sugar, 150 bls gunnies, 550 bls jute twine, 75 bls hess, cloth, 12700 bags groundnut kernel 667 bags Nuxvomica, 350 ballots Palmyra fibre, 65 cases cotton yarn

EXPORTS

Bombay : Feb. 21.

500 drums castor oil The Swastik Oil Mills Ltd; 7600 tons manganese ore The Shivrajpur Syndicate Ltd; 3 cases tanned goat skins D Abraham and Sons; 204 bags poppy seed S M Rajgor and Co; 4000 tons manganese ore James Finlay and Co Ltd; 56 bags fleaseed sheli Keshavji Virji and Co; 168 bags dry ginger S M Rajgor and Co: 150 bls cotton peegoods C Ujamshibhoy; 200 bales raw cotton Vasanji Lalji and Sons; 300 bgs corriander seed B R S T Nader; 768 bags sesamum seed Produce Dealers Ltd; 33 bales goat skins D/s raw A J Calcuttawalla and Co; 1350 bales raw cotton Volkart Bros.

METAL EXCHANGE QUOTATIONS

Bombay : February 19.

Copper sheets lb. 21—Rs. 117, 28—115, 35—114, 42—113, 49-56—112.

Brass sheets Flag Brand lb. 20-21—Rs. 108, 24—102, 28—102, 35—95, 42—94, 49-56—94.

Spelter 'P.H.' Rs. 72. Rosita Rs. 70. Country-make Rs. 55. Pigiead 'B.M.' refined Rs. 35 per cwt.

Tin Ingot Pennang Rs. 88 per qr.

SETTLEMENTS RATES: Copper sheets Chaiter Rs. 112/8. Ashad Rs. 116/8.

Tone :—Steady.

B.E.S. & T. JANUARY EARNINGS

The B.E.S. & T. Co Ltd. gross receipts for January, 1942: Electric Supply Rs. 7,78,927 exclusive of supply to Tramways. Traction (Trams and Omnibuses) Rs. 9,65,006. Increase over same period last year Rs. 1,99,777.

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President: Acharya Sir P. C. Roy
General Manager: S. C. ROY, M.A., B.L.

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TATA HYDRO-ELECTRIC AGENCIES LTD.

Total Units Generated

Messrs. Tata Hydro-Electric Agencies Ltd. Agents for the Tata Hydro-Electric Power Supply Co. Ltd., the Andhra Valley Power Supply Co. Ltd. and the Tata Power Company Limited report that the total electrical (Board of Trade) units generated at the three Power Stations of the Hydro Group purchased from the Chola Steam Station were as follows :—

7th Week (ended Feb. 18th)—	
1940	15,574,800
1941	18,118,000
1942	19,454,750
Total for 7 weeks (1st Jan. to date)—	
1940	103,148,000
1941	122,596,300
1942	137,207,500

Extremely Limited Turnover In Yarn

Bombay, February 18

The continued unfavourable reports about the War situation in the Far East have had their repurcussions in almost all markets throughout the country and naturally the local yarn market has not been free from the same. During the week under review, whilst prices in Indian yarns have not undergone any material decline from the last week's level the turnover is extremely limited and there has been a complete dearth of buyers at least for the time being. Dealers and consumers have been feeling very nervous and some of the weakholders are prepared to dispose off their goods even at much lower prices from the present level, but buyers are difficult to find. In some cases it is found that there have been no buyers even at prices much lower than the nominal prices quoted in the market. It looks as though the buyers have been awaiting better opportunity for purchasing their requirements in bulk at some future date. In the meanwhile fresh buying is almost at a standstill mostly due to the nervousness created out of the continued unfavourable War situation in the Far East Reports from almost all important consuming centres have been very discouraging and whilst stocks of yarns anywhere are not large, confidence is lacking due to the War situation. In the Punjab there has been yet no settlement arrived at between the Government and the Traders regarding the Sales Tax and the situation has been worseping day by day. The latest reports go to show that several arrests have been made in all important towns in the Punjab and this has created a very serious situation as a result of which Trade in the whole Province of the Punjab has been seriously disorganised. In Madras, Calcutta and other important centres, the trading conditions are not at all hopeful especially after the latest news regarding the Far Eastern situation. As regards Export markets there has been yet sufficient enquiry from several important overseas markets but owing to the increasing shipping difficulties and also due to the recent Government Regulations, Exporters do not wish to accept any fresh business until after the previous orders have been shipped. The only ray of hope at the moment lies in large Government orders for various kinds of yarns which naturally keep local mills busy and as a result of which most of the mills are not inclined to make any sales at lower prices at least for the present. The future outlook is not yet hopeful although much more will depend upon the course of the cotton prices and also upon the developments in the War situation.

Artificial Silk Yarns : Prices in artificial silk yarns as well as in staple fibre yarns have remained steady during the whole past week and although War situation is unfavourable and the Punjab markets are closed owing to continued Hartal of the Traders for the last several days, the undertone has remained very steady probably due to the extremely low level of prices ruling for these yarns at present. Any favourable news from the War front is likely to create confidence amongst the Traders which will result into sharp improvement in prices. The future tendency is hopeful.

NEW YORK COTTON MARKET

NEW YORK COTTON.
NEW YORK, Feb. 21.

December	... —
January	... —
March	... 18.37
May	... 18.56
July	... 18.89
Middling Spot	... 20.07

NEW YORK COTTON.
NEW YORK, Feb. 21.

December	... —
January	... —
March	... 18.43
May	... 18.61
July	... 18.76
Middling Spot	... 19.21

NEW YORK COTTON.
NEW YORK, Feb. 21.
NOON CALL.

December	... —
March	Closed
May	... —

NEW YORK COTTON DAILY STATISTICS.
NEW YORK, Feb. 21.

Day's receipts at all U. S. Ports	... —

LONDON SILVER.
London, Feb. 21.

Spot	... —
Forward	Closed

LONDON GOLD.
London, Feb. 21.

Gold bars fine per oz.	Closed

LONDON EXCHANGES.
London, Feb. 21.

T. T. London on:—	
New York	Sellers
Madrid	and
Montreal	Buyers
Berne	Unchanged
Stockholm	

LONDON WHEAT.
London, Feb. 21.

Rozario Santa Fe	Closed
Barletta Russo	
South Australian	

LONDON RUBBER.
London, Feb. 21.

London smoke sheet standard ribber per lb.	Closed.

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE.
London, Feb. 21.

	£
Rupee Paper 3-1/2	
Indian Stock) p.c. 1948	
Indian Stock 3-1/2 p.c. 1931 or later	
Consols 2-1/2 p.c.	Closed
Conversion loan 3-1/2 p.c. 1961	
War Loan 3-1/2 p.c.	
Funding Lan 4 p.c. 1960/90	
Victory bonds 4 p.c.	
Chartered Bank of I. A. & China	
Hongkong, £ Shanghai Bank (London Reg.)	
National Bank of India	

BOMBAY YARN QUOTATIONS

Bombay, February 19

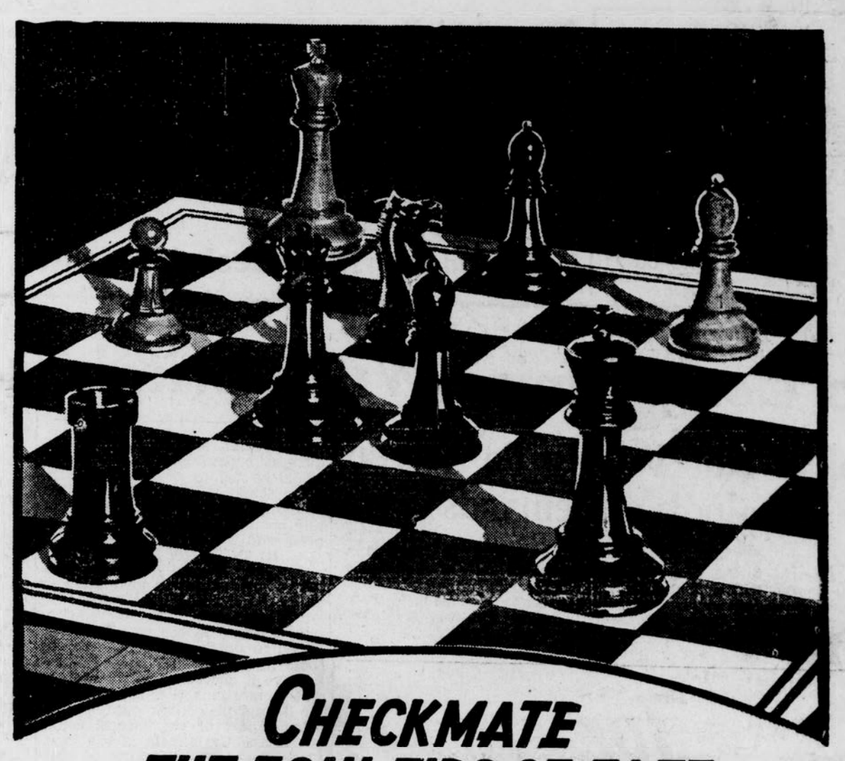
Yarn No. 6 1/2s.	February 215	April 214	June 213	
Yarn No. 10 1/2s.	February 235	April 234	June 233	
Yarn No. 20 1/2s.	February 369	April 315	June 310	
Yarn No. 40s.	February 530	April 525	June 520	

BOMBAY METALS

Bombay : February 21.

Yellow Metal Sheet	Rs. 105
Copper Sheets	Rs. 118

Tone :—Steady.



CHECKMATE THE FOUL TIPS OF FATE

LIFE is like a game of Chess, played by man against Fate. Every move must be well planned, well considered and in time, if one wants to win the game, to be carefree and comfortable.

You too must begin making your plans to checkmate the moves of Fate and win the game—plans to build a comfortable and secure future.

Send for the local Bombay Mutual Man.

He will advise you how to plan a comfortable future without inconveniencing yourself or straining your resources. He will study your particular requirements. He will help you assure for yourself future comfort, security and peace of mind.

THE BOMBAY MUTUAL
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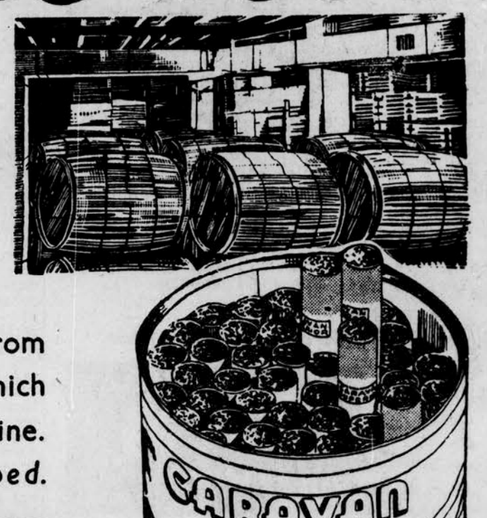
MATURED in National's air-conditioned warehouses, where every process is supervised by experts to ensure not only a perfect blend but freedom from dust and all harmful particles which are removed by a special extractor machine.

Obtainable plain and cork tipped.



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Ten Cigarettes As.12
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Monday, February 23, 1942

Regd. No. B 1065

The Bombay Chronicle

Regd. No. B 1065

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta

Editor: Syed Abdullah Brelvi

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JAWAHAR SPEAKS OUT

No Compromise With Britain

Cabinet Not Willing To Accede To India's Demands

CALCUTTA, February 21.

A statement to the effect that the inclusion even of progressive elements in the British Cabinet would not bring about any change in the present British policy with regard to India was made by Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, while addressing a public meeting at Mahomadali Park this evening.

The Pandit said that he for one did not believe that the Cabinet would be willing to accede to India's demands, and hence, in his opinion, there was no question of any compromise between the Congress and the British Government.

IF INDIA IS INVADED

Speaking generally on the present world situation in relation to India, Pundit Nehru said that the war was bound to bring tremendous changes in the present order. The new order might not be to their liking. Should they desire to have it according to their deals and aspirations, they should strive for it and play their part. India being a part of the world could not escape the effects of the war even if she was not invaded. But even now the foreigners were knocking at their frontiers. The problem before them was what they were going to do in case India was invaded. The onus of responsibility in this respect lay on the Government, but they knew what kind of Government they had. Then the question was what should the people do. The statement issued by the Congress at the beginning of the war initiating its policy in this connection was in the right direction. Its first and foremost aim was the independence of India.

The Congress had been expressing opinion on international affairs in a forceful manner for the last twelve years, and the importance of its opinion in international spheres had increased.

SHALL NOT BOW TO ANY INVADER

The war had now come near to their frontiers.

The problem was whether they should strengthen the hands of their rulers in this war. The old attitude of the British Government towards India's demands still continued. That was regrettable no doubt. They must not look to any outside foreign help. They must rely absolutely on their own inherent strength to achieve their independence. The pages of Indian history bore testimony, to the fact how the lure of outside help had brought about India's slavery. The story of imperialists venture of Japan and Germany was not unknown to them. Indians must stick to their own ideals even if they were difficult of achievement. But whatever happened, India would not bow down her head before any invader.

The Indian National Congress had repeatedly declared that if power was transferred to the people of this country, they would be responsible for their own defence. But the British politicians were still continuing in their blunders. If they had listened to the Congress two and a half years ago, the situation of the world now would have been different. They were prepared to take the responsibility even now. They might not be able to do things which they could have done before. But if that responsibility came, they would not shirk.

A. R. P. WORK

Speaking of the "immediate danger", Pandit Nehru said that A. R. P. work could not be successfully carried out without the active co-operation of the public. Even in Great Britain the authorities had to run the work on popular lines before they could achieve any remarkable success. The problem was more complex in this country where there was no sympathy between the rulers and the people.

A great responsibility in this respect lay also on the people themselves. He advised Congressmen to take up the work of service and of educating the public about certain fundamental methods of protection in case of air raids. People, he added, should not get panicky, which would only increase their trouble.—A P.

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SKIN HEALTH
and BEAUTY

Cuticura Soap
MEDICINAL-TOILET
Gives the skin a thorough Antiseptic-Cleansing; purifies the pores; clears the skin.
Renders rough skin smooth and supple as velvet

USE THIS
2-PURPOSE SOAP

Nothing so quickly "marks" and "ages" a woman as a dull, faded skin. You must maintain your skin in health with its natural beauty and radiance. The one sure means to restore the *health* of your skin is by a daily antiseptic cleansing and purification with Cuticura Soap. The unique combination of MEDICINAL and TOILET properties in Cuticura Soap provides your skin with precisely that treatment it needs to *regain radiant skin health and beauty*. Get a tablet of this unique 2-purpose soap today. Note particularly the richly emollient quality of the lather. See how it refines and beautifies the texture of your skin. Watch how quickly blackheads, blemishes, muddiness and roughness all disappear. In their place your mirror reflects a lovely new complexion; clear, fresh, radiant with health!

If troubled by Dhobi's Itch, Prickly Heat, by Pimples, Rashes, apply Cuticura Ointment. It allays irritation instantly and quickly heals. After the bath, Cuticura Talcum is delightfully cooling and refreshing.

Sold by all Chemists and Bazars.

Cuticura Soap—new bath size now available.

Cuticura
PREPARATIONS

Out To Cut Supply Route To N. Russia

LONDON, Feb. 21.

The Stockholm radio reports that three large German warships "Von Tirpitz", "Admiral Scheer" and "Admiral Hipper" are steaming up the North Sea along the coast of Norway.

The radio says that it is believed in Stockholm that the vessels are assigned the job of cutting the Anglo-American supply route to Northern Russia and that the three Nazi battleships which escaped from Brest are based in Trondheim.—Reuter.

BRITISH GOVT. IS "AGED GOVT."

Jawaharlal's Plea For Realistic View

CALCUTTA, Feb. 21.

"Generally speaking, Mr. Churchill is a brilliant leader, but his mind is the Victorian mind," observed Pundit Jawaharlal Nehru, speaking to the Congress workers of Bengal assembled at the office of the Bengal Provincial Congress Committee this evening, prior to his departure for Lucknow.

Pundit Jawaharlal added: "The British Government is an aged Government. It is a very reactionary Government. Mr. Churchill's leadership is brilliant in the sense that it has kept the morale of the British people, but it was a dead weight in the sense of the real psychological leadership of the world."

DUTY OF CONGRESS WORKERS

Pundit Nehru pointed out that many in the country particularly the Socialists and Communists considered the problems facing them today more in an academic way. They ought to take a realistic view of what was happening before them and adjust the Socialistic principles of other countries to the conditions prevailing in India.

Explaining the duty of Congress workers and volunteers with regard to A. R. P. and Civil Defence measures, Pandit Nehru said that when air raids took place, Congress workers and volunteers should carry on their work in creating a sense of security in the minds of the people. They should and could co-operate in this matter with other organisations or groups working for the same end. He stressed the need of unity among all sections of people.

With reference to women workers, Pandit Nehru said that they should go from house to house at the present moment just to meet the women folk there and make them less panicky. He asked everyone to be ready at the present moment to meet the situation with courage and confidence.—A. P.

"WORLD'S GREATEST REVOLUTION"

CALCUTTA, Feb. 21.

An advice to students to think deeply and prepare themselves to meet the perils and difficulties arising out of the present crisis was given by Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru while addressing a meeting at the Scottish Church College hall this morning.

Pandit Nehru referred to the present crisis and wondered if they had considered it in terms of other revolutionary changes that had occurred in the past. As for him, he had no doubt in his mind that throughout the world history there had not been such a revolutionary up-surge and change that they were witnessing to-day. It might continue for ten years, twenty years, he did no know when it would end, but this revolutionary change was going to be the biggest the world had witnessed.

Proceeding he said that to-day the essential thing for them was to cling on to certain principles; they should not leave the anchor of their faith and principle though the form of application of their principles might change. When he had heard the shouts of "inquilab zindabad", he often wondered if they realised that the "inquilab" that they shouted was over them, above them and below them, and it might overwhelm them. The biggest "inquilab" was happening in the world to-day and it might also happen in India. The point was were they ready to welcome the storm that was coming upon them? It might upset their whole life and the life of their community. If they were really serious about it they should prepare themselves for it.—A. P.

URUGUAYAN PARLIAMENT DISSOLVED

MONTE VIDEO, Feb. 21.

President Baldomir has dissolved parliament and suspended elections fixed for March 3. He will ask parties friendly to the Government to form a Government Board which will replace the present legislative power. The legislative Palace is closed and the keys have been delivered to the police. So far no arrests have been made.

Military forces did not participate in any sense in to-day's political events, the Minister for Interior, Senor Manuel Tiscornia told.

CABINET TO RESIGN

The entire Uruguayan Cabinet is expected to resign after the dissolution of both chambers by President Baldomir this Saturday morning when strong forces of police surrounded the Parliament Building.

Well-informed quarters say that President Baldomir will convoke general elections before the legal expiration of his term of office on June 19th next. All military forces have been placed under General Bergalli.

The Foreign Minister, Senor Guani has taken over the Ministry of Defence as General Roletti has resigned.

President Baldomir is addressing the Nation to-night.—

GOVERNMENT TO BE RE-FORMED?

A decree creating a state council to replace Parliament was issued on Sunday, by President Baldomir. The precautions taken have proved unnecessary, and calm and order reign throughout the country, says an announcement by the Ministry of Interior. President Baldomir declared that he would not accept the resignation of the Government tendered on Saturday, but would if necessary reform it. The people of Uruguay, he said, wanted political peace at home and action favourable to the democracies.

No Coup *d'etat*

BUENOS AIRES:—Information obtained in Buenos Aires about the happenings in Montevideo indicates that they could not be described as a "coup d'etat" as the National Constitution permits the President to dissolve Parliament once during his four years term of office. The population of Monte Video was surprised at the President's decision to dissolve Parliament but complete calm and order reign in the city.—Reuter.

URUGUAY TO STAND BY DEMOCRACIES

MONTE VIDEO, Feb. 22.

President Baldomir broadcasting on Saturday night criticised severely the Herrerista Party which is opposed to agreement with the United States for the establishment of war bases and other agreements with the democracies as well as compulsory military service. He stated that the people of Uruguay want political peace within the country and action favourable to world democracies.

Senor Baldomir declared that in times when the peace of the Americas and security of Uruguay may be jeopardised by a sudden enemy attack the Herrerista Party was trying to draw Uruguay away from Britain and the United States and as there are also political, electoral and economic difficulties, he has followed the only road open in order to give the country no constitution as under the present electoral laws, the pending presilentia' elections—now postponed—might have given results contrary to the nation's interests.—Reuter.

Gandhiji Commends Britishers' Bravery In Face Of Danger

"WE MUST BE ASHAMED OF FEAR DISTRUST AND NERVELESSNESS"

AHMEDABAD, Feb. 22.

"The recent British reverses ought not to create a panic in the land. If we have learnt nothing worth from the contact with British, let us at least learn their calmness in the face of misfortunes", writes Mahatma Gandhi in to-day's 'Harijan'.

Mahatma Gandhi says:—

"In all the wars that Britain has fought or in which she has been engaged there have been reverses some of which may be considered disastrous. But the British have a knack of surviving them and turning them into stepping-stones to success. Hence the saying peculiar to them that they blunder through to success.

"Failures do not display or demoralise them. Wars are for them a national game like football. The defeated team heartily congratulates the successful one almost as if it was a joint victory, and drowns the sorrow of defeat in an exchange of glasses of whisky.

And is there the slightest cause for alarm? Certainly not for those who believe in non-violence. For fear and distrust of self are no part of their composition, nor are they part of a panoplied soldier. The attribute of non-violence is perhaps only a copy book maxim. We do not see it in actual practice in any measure, but this war is abundant proof that neither party though steeped in violence betrays any fear or distrust.

RECKLESS BRAVERY

I am filled with amazement and admiration at the reckless bravery displayed by combatants on either side. This war is a demonstration of unthinkable nerve that human beings are capable of possessing looked at from either standpoint, therefore, we should be ashamed of fear, distrust and nervelessness in the face of danger. It is therefore the sacred duty of every worker to steel himself against cowardly panic and prevent its spread as far as he can.

"Cowards die many times before their death." Let this not be proved of us.

DANGER ONLY FOR CITIES

The true danger exists only for cities. It may be very near due to the fall of Singapore and probable loss of Burma. One of the best precautions consists in those people who are not wanted in the cities or those who want to shun danger, migrating to the villages in an orderly manner.

NO PANICKY RUSH

There should be no panicky rush. Those who must remain in the cities whether for business or otherwise should carry out instructions that may be issued by the authorities from time to time. Those who will not, for any reason, whatsoever, should clear out in good time. If this simple precaution is taken, we say, for we are a house divided against itself and there is no living bond between the rulers and the ruled. It is tragic but it is true. The tragedy is deepended by the knowledge that all parties feel so helpless."—A.P.

ARRESTS OF AXIS NATIONALS.

NEW YORK, Feb. 22.

Over 200 Japanese, Italian and German aliens were arrested on Saturday on the Pacific coast of the United States and in Arizona. Some were in possession of contraband. They included members of organisations sponsored by enemy countries. Several arrests were also made during a raid of Manhattan and Brooklyn districts in New York.—Reuter

U. S. Tanker Torpedoed

WASHINGTON, Feb. 21.

The United States Navy Department announced to-day that the American tanker Massachusetts (8,202 tons) was torpedoed. 18 survivors landed at Atlantic port. They revealed that 20 members of the crew died as the result of injuries sustained from burning oil.

The torpedoing took place off the Atlantic coast.—Reuter.

Norwegian Tanker Torpedoed

CURACAO, Feb. 21.

The Norwegian tanker, "Kongsgaard", was torpedoed off the western point of Curacao this Saturday morning. She has been brought ashore burning amidships.—Reuter

39 MEMBERS OF CREW KILLED.

CURACAO, Feb. 22.

Thirty-nine members of its crew are believed to have been killed when the Norwegian tanker "Kongsgaard" was torpedoed, off Curacao on Saturday morning. Seven crew were saved.—Reuter.

ARRESTS AT SANJOSE

A number of Germans and Italians have been arrested at Sanjose and confined in the newly constructed concentration camp. Government is requisitioning all motor vehicles belonging to Axis nationals.—Reuter.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 21.

Despite the Japanese invasion, President Quezon of the Philippines is carrying on his Government, and has a three-man cabinet with him "somewhere in the Philippines", states a message received by the Philippine Resident Commissioner here from President Quezon.—Reuter.

Taj

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Inspector Wade — THE COAT OF ARMS — By Edgar Wallace

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ELENA!
BREAK IT UP! DON, COME HERE...
WHEN DAMES START FIGHTING, I DUCK! YOU TWO ARE DOING ALL RIGHT!
SHE'S JEALOUS, BECAUSE I TOOK THE LEADING ROLE AWAY FROM HER!
I'LL GET IT BACK!
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